

Instruction Manual

COMPACT TYPE GAS ANALYZER

TYPE: ZSVF-2



INZ-TN2ZSVFa-E Fuji Electric Co., Ltd.

PREFACE

We are grateful for your purchase of Fuji Compact Type Gas Analyzer, TYPE: ZSVF.

- First read this instruction manual carefully until an adequate understanding is acquired, and then proceed to installation, operation and maintenance of the analyzer. Wrong handling may cause an accident or injury.
- The specifications of this analyzer are subject to change without prior notice for further product improvement.
- Modification of this analyzer is strictly prohibited unless a written approval is obtained from the manufacturer. Fuji Electric will not bear any responsibility for a trouble caused by such a modification.
- This instruction manual shall be stored by the person who actually uses the analyzer.
- After reading the manual, be sure to store it at a place easier to access.
- This instruction manual should be delivered to the end user without fail.

Manufacturer:	Fuji Electric Co., Ltd.
Type:	Described in the nameplate on main frame
Date of manufacture:	Described in the nameplate on main frame
Product nationality:	Japan

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Request

- It is prohibited to transfer part or all of this manual without Fuji Electric's permission in written format.
- Description in this manual is subject to change without prior notice for further improvement.

INZ-TN2ZSVF-E

CAUTION ON SAFETY

First of all, read this "Caution on safety" carefully, and then use the analyzer in the correct way.

• The cautionary descriptions listed here contain important information about safety, so they should always be observed. Those safety precautions are ranked in 3 levels, "DANGER," "CAUTION" and "PROHIBI-TION."

Anger Danger	Wrong handling may cause a dangerous situation, in which there is a risk of death or heavy injury.
	Wrong handling may invite a dangerous situation, in which there is a possibility of medium-level trouble or slight injury or only physical damage is predictable.
N PROHIBITION	Items which must not be done are noted.
	If a person handles the equipment in an incorrect manner, he/she may get an electric shock.

Caution on installation, transport and storage of gas analyzer				
A DANGER	• This unit is not explosion-proof type. Do not use it in a place with explosive gases to prevent explosion, fire or other serious accidents.			
CAUTION	 The gas analyzer is heavy. It should be installed with utmost care. Otherwise, it may tip over or drop, for example, causing accident or injury. For lifting the gas analyzer, be sure to wear protective gloves. Bare hands may invite an injury. Grip the carrying handle on the top to lift up the analyzer, and be sure to keep it horizontally. If the analyzer is carried sloping, it may cause a failure or malfunction. This unit should be installed in a place which conforms to the conditions noted in the instruction manual. Otherwise, it may cause electric shocks, fire or malfunction of the unit. During installation work, care should be taken to keep the unit free from entry of cable chips or other foreign objects. Otherwise, it may cause fire, trouble or malfunction of the unit. 			

Caution on piping				
Anger Danger	Be sure to observe the following precautions while installing piping. Improper piping may result in gas leakage. If the leaking gas contains a toxic component, serious accidents may result. If it contains combustible gases, explosion or fire may result.			
	• Connect pipes correctly referring to the instruction manual.			
	• Discharge the exhaust gas outdoors to prevent it from remaining within the sampling device or indoors.			
	• Relieve the exhaust gas from the analyzer to the atmospheric pressure to prevent buildup of undesirable pressure to the analyzer. Otherwise piping within the analyzer may be disconnected, resulting in gas leakage.			
	• Use pipes and pressure reducing valves to which no oil/grease is attached for piping. Otherwise, fire may result.			

Caution on wiring			
	• Be sure to turn off all the power before installing wiring. Otherwise electric shock may result.		
	• Be sure to perform class D grounding work. Otherwise, electric shock or failure may result.		
	• Select a proper wiring material that satisfies the ratings of the instrument. Otherwise, electric shock or fire may result.		
	• Be sure to connect a power supply of correct rating. Otherwise, fire may result.		

Caution on use		
Anger Danger	• If unusual smell or sound has been produced, immediately stop the instrument. Any discharge produced may cause a fire.	
AUTION	 Leaving the analyzer unused for a long time or restarting it after long-term suspension requires procedures different from normal operation or suspension procedures. Be sure to follow the instructions in each instruction manual. Otherwise, intended performance may not be achieved, or accidents or injury may result. Do not operate the analyzer for a long time with its door left open. Otherwise, dust, foreign matter, etc. may stick on internal 	
	walls, thereby causing faults.	

Caution on use			
S PROHIBITION	• Do not put stick or finger into the fan (exhaust gas outlet, electronic chiller). You may get hurt by a turning fan.		
	• Do not allow metal, finger or others to touch the power and input/ output connectons in the instrument. Otherwise, faults, electric shock or injuries may be caused.		
	• Do not smoke nor use a flame near the gas analyzer. Otherwise, a fire may be caused.		

Caution on maintenance and check			
Anger Danger	• For correct handling of calibration gas or other reference gases, carefully read their instruction manuals beforehand. Otherwise, carbon monoxide or other hazardous gases may cause an intoxication particularly.		
	• Before performing work for maintenance and check, be sure to purge completely not only within the analyzer but also measuring gas lines with nitrogen or air. Otherwise, poisoning, fire, or explosion may result due to gas leakage.		
	• Before replacing the gas filter of the gas analyzer or maintaining the washer, close the calibration gas valve and, if provided, the valve on the sample gas suction port. Otherwise, intoxication or accident may occur.		
	• If the fuse is blown, eliminate the cause, and then replace it with the one of the same capacity and type as before. Otherwise, shock hazard or fault may be caused.		
	• Do not use a replacement part other than specified by the instru- ment maker. Otherwise, adequate performance will not be provided. Besides, an accident or fault may be caused.		
	• Replacement parts such as a maintenance part should be disposed of as incombustibles. For details, follow the local ordinance.		
	Be sure to observe the following for safe operation avoiding the shock hazard and injury.		
	• Remove the watch and other metallic objects before work.		
	• Do not touch the instrument wet-handed.		

Others
• If the cause of any fault cannot be determined despite reference to the instruction manual, be sure to contact your dealer or Fuji Electric's technician in charge of adjustment. If the instrument is disassembled carelessly, you may have a shock hazard or injury.

WARRANTY AND MAINTENANCE

1. Scope of application

To use this equipment, the following conditions must be met:

- the use of the equipment incurs no risk of a serious accident even if a failure or malfunction occurs on the equipment, and
- in case of product failure or malfunction, safety measures such as redundant design, prevention of malfunction, fail safe system, foolproof mechanism are provided outside of the equipment.

Be sure to use this instrument under the conditions or environment mentioned in this instruction manual. Please consult us for the use for the following applications:

Radiation-related facilities, systems related to charging or settlement, or other usages which may have large impact on lives, bodies, property, or other rights or interests.

2. Operating conditions and environment

Refer to "Caution on safety" and Section 8, "Specifications".

3. Precautions and prohibitions

Refer to "Caution on safety" and Section 8, "Specifications".

4. Warranty

4.1 Period of warranty

- (1) Warranty period for this product including accessories is one year after delivery.
- (2) Warranty period for the parts repaired by our service providers is six months after the completion of repair.

4.2 Scope of warranty

- (1) If any failure or malfunction attributable to Fuji Electric occurs in the period of warranty, we shall provide the product after repairing or replacing the faulty part for free of charge at the place of purchase or delivery. The warranty does not apply to failure or malfunctions resulting from:
 - 1) inappropriate conditions, environment, handling or usage that is not instructed in a catalog, instruction book or user's manual, or overuse of the product,
 - 2) other devices not manufactured by Fuji Electric,
 - 3) improper use, or an alteration or repair that is not performed by Fuji Electric,
 - 4) inappropriate maintenance or replacement of expendable parts listed in the instruction book or the catalog,
 - 5) damages incurred during transportation or fall after purchase,
 - 6) any reason that Fuji Electric is not responsible for, including a disaster or natural disaster such as earthquake, thunder, storm and flood damage, or inevitable accidents such as abnormal voltage.
- (2) Regardless of the time period of the occurrence, Fuji Electric is not liable for the damage caused by the factors Fuji Electric is not responsible for, opportunity loss of the purchaser caused by malfunction of Fuji Electric product, passive damages, damage caused due to special situations regardless of whether it was foreseeable or not, and secondary damage, accident compensation, damage to products that were not manufactured by Fuji Electric, and compensation towards other operations.

5. Failure diagnosis

Regardless of the time period of the occurrence, if any failure occurs, the purchaser shall perform a primary failure diagnosis. However, at the purchaser's request, Fuji Electric or our service providers shall provide the diagnosis service for a fee. In such a case, the purchaser shall be charged for the service.

6. Service life

This product, excluding limited-life parts and consumable parts, is designed for a service life of 10 years under general operating conditions (with an average ambient temperature of 30°C).

The service life may be shortened depending on operating conditions and environment. To ensure the service life, it is important to perform planned maintenance of the product including limited-life parts and consumable parts.

7. Maintenance plan

Maintenance can be divided into "preventive maintenance" and "corrective maintenance". Preventive maintenance can further classified into "daily inspection" and "periodic inspection". Preventive maintenance is achieved through systematic implementation of "daily inspection" and "periodic inspection".



(1) Daily inspection

Be sure to perform daily inspection prior to operation to check for any problem in daily operation. For the specific items of daily inspection, refer to Section 7, "Maintenance".

(2) Periodic inspection

Periodic inspection is to replace limited-life parts before their service lives are over, thus preventing failure. Recommended inspection interval is 6 months to 12 months. If you are using the instrument under harsh environment, we recommend you to shorten the inspection interval. For the specific items of periodic inspection, refer to Section 5, "Inspection and maintenance".

(3) Corrective maintenance

Corrective maintenance is a measure to be taken after a trouble has occurred. Refer to Section 5 "Inspection and maintenance" and Section 7. "Troubleshooting". If the measures mentioned in this instruction manual do not solve the problem, please contact one of our sales offices or service offices.

8. Limited-life parts and consumable parts

This product contains the following limited-life parts and consumable parts which may affect the service life of the product itself.

- (1) Aluminum electrolytic capacitor
 - Design life: 5 years under general working conditions (annual average of ambient temperature: 30°C)
 - Symptoms when a capacitor loses its capacity: deterioration of power quality, malfunction
 - Factors which affect battery life: temperature. The life is shortened by half when the temperature rises by 10°C. (Arrhenius' law)

- Replacement: Estimate the lifetime of capacitor according to your operating environment, and have the capacitor replaced or overhauled at appropriate time, at least once in 10 years.
- Do not use capacitors beyond its lifetime. Otherwise, electrolyte leakage or depletion may cause odor, smoke, or fire. Please contact Fuji Electric or its service providers when an overhaul is required.
- (2) LCD
 - · Design life: approx. three years for continuous use
 - Symptoms when LCD is depleted: unclear indication, back light not working
 - Factors which affect battery life: temperature. The life is shortened by half when the temperature rises by 10°C. (Arrhenius' law)
 - Replacement: Estimate the lifetime of built-in battery according to your operating environment, and replace it at appropriate time.

9. Spare parts and accessories

Refer to "Confirmation of delivered equipment" and/or Section 7 "Maintenance" for spare parts and accessories.

10. Period for repair and provision of spare parts after product discontinuation (maintenance period)

The discontinued models (products) can be repaired for 5 years from the date of discontinuation. Also, most spare parts used for repair are provided for five years from the date of discontinuation. However, some electric parts may not be obtained due to their short life cycle. In this case, repair or provision of spare parts may be difficult even in the above period.

Please contact one of our sales offices or service offices for further information.

Checking of contents of the package

- Check that all of the following are contained in the delivered package.
 - (1) Analyzer main unit
 - (2) Sampling unit
 - (3) Standard accessories (See "Table 1 Standard accessories.") Note: Consumable parts for about 6 months are included.

No.	Name	Q'ty	Used for	Note
1	Tubular fuse (2A)	4	2 for each device	(250V.T.2A.L)
2	Power cord	2	1 for each device	The shape varies depending on specifications.
3	Ground wire	2	1 for each device	(5m)
4	Cable for control signals	1	Connection between each device	(1m)
5	Cable for output signals	1	Analyzer unit	(1m)
6	Filter paper for membrane filter (Teflon)	4	Sampling unit	Provided with SO ₂ analyzer.
	Filter paper for membrane filter (glass fiber)	10		Not provided with SO2 analyzer.
7	Filter element for zero gas	2	Sampling unit	
8	Water container for zero gas	1	Sampling unit	
9	Pipe for connection	1	Connection between each device	(5m)
10	Instruction manual (English)	1	-	INZ-TN1ZSVF-E

Table 1 Standard accessories

(4) Gas extractor (option)

- (5) Gas tube (option)
- (6) Spare parts for 1 year (by separate order) (See "6. Spare parts" for details.)

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1. OVERVIEW

The compact type gas analyzer (ZSVF) consists of an analyzing block (infrared sensor and oxygen sensor) and a sampling block.

For gas extractor, either simplified measurement (non-fixed type) or continuous measurement (fixed type) probe is selectable at option.

Because a single beam type high-sensitivity mass flow sensor is adopted for the infrared sensor, long-term stability and maintainability are excellent.

This analyzer is capable of simultaneously measuring max. 5 components among NOx, SO_2 , CO_2 , CO, CH_4 and O_2 in sample gas, and is used for flue gas from stationary emission sources such as various boilers, garbage incinerators and heat treatment furnaces, and for plant cultivation and research-purpose chemical analysis.

1.1.1 Analyzing block (unit:mm)



Mass : Approx. 12kg

1.1.2 Sampling block (unit:mm)



Mass : Approx. 18kg

1.1.3 Power cord and signal cable (unit:mm)

• Power cord for domestic and North American use (North American type), rated voltage 125V AC.

Note1: The standards for domestic and North American use are different, but the shape is the same.

Note2: Be sure to use the appropriate power cord for the rated voltage.



• Power cord for European use (European type), rated voltage 250 V AC



• Output cable



• Control input/output cable



1.1.4 Non-fixed type gas extractor (unit:mm)



1.1.5 Fixed type gas extractor (unit:mm)



Attached joint (for ø6 pipe connection)



Material : Teflon

(1) With 1 optical system

(1 to 3 component gas sampling system except for NOx analyzer)



(2) With 2 optical systems

(3 to 4 component gas sampling system except for NOx analyzer)



(3) With 1 optical system



(1 to 3 component gas sampling system including NOx analyzer)

(4) With 2 optical systems

(3 to 5 component gas sampling system including NOx analyzer)



1.3.1 Name of each part and descriptions

(1) Analyzer unit



Name	Description	
(1) Handle	Used for transportation of main unit.	
(2) Flow checker	Checks gas flow.	
(3) Display/operation unit	LCD and various setting keys	
(4) Rubber foot		
(5) Power switch	Set the power to ON/OFF.	
(6) Purge gas inlet	Inlet for purge gas	
(7) Exhaust gas port	Connected to exhaust line.	
(8) Sample gas 1 inlet	Connected to sampling gas 1 outlet of sampling unit.	
(9) Sample gas 2 inlet	Connected to sampling gas 2 outlet of sampling unit.	
(10) Output connector	Analog output signal connector	
(11) Communication connector	Output signal connector for communication	
(12) Control signal connector	Connector for sampling device control.	
(13) Grounding terminal	Connected to the ground.	
(14) Power supply connector	Connect power cable.	
(15) Fuse	Insert a fuse of rated capacity.	
(16) Specification plate	Displays serial No., components to be measured, etc.	
(17) Heat exhaust port	For discharging internal heat.	

(2) Sampling unit



Name	Description		
(1) Handle	Used for transportation of main unit.		
(2) Drain check window	Drain volume can be checked visually through the window.		
(3) Membrane filter	Removes dust.		
(4) Power switch	Set the power to ON/OFF.		
(5) Zero calibration port	Port for zero calibration gas		
(6) Span calibration port	Port for span calibration gas		
(7) Sample gas 1 outlet	Connected to sample gas 1 inlet of analyzer unit.		
(8) Sample gas 2 outlet	Connected to sample gas 2 inlet of analyzer unit.		
(9) Sample gas inlet	Connected to gas extractor.		
(10) Needle valve	Adjusts sample gas flow rate.		
(11) Drain port	For discharge of drain		
(12) Water feed port	For feeding of bubbling water for zero calibration gas		
(13) Rubber foot			
(14) Suction port	For cooling down electronic dehumidifier		
(15) Control signal connector	For control signals from analyzer unit		
(16) Heat exhaust port	For discharging internal heat		
(17) Grounding terminal	Connected to the ground.		
(18) Power supply connector	Connect power cable.		
(19) Fuse	Insert a fuse of rated capacity.		
(20) Specification plate	Displays serial No. etc.		

1.3.2 Names of external connectors and descriptions

<Analyzer unit: Analog output connector>

Non-isolated linear connector for 4 to 20mA DC or 0 to 1V DC

Output of up to 8 channels is allowed.

Output is made for corresponding channel No. on a one-to-one basis.

Permissible load: 4 to 20mA DC, 550Ω or lower 0 to 1V DC, $100k\Omega$ or higher

A female connector is supplied for the main unit (DS-25S-T-N by Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Co., Ltd.)

Use the supplied cable (1m) (DB-25P) for connection.



<Analyzer unit: communication output connector>

Input/output signal connector for RS232-C communication

Modbus protocol (Creation of communication program is required. Refer to separately sold transmission specifications.)

A male connector is supplied for the main unit.

Use commercially available cross cable (DE-9S) for connection.



Pin No.	Description		
+ –			
Between 1 and 2	Ch1 analog output		
Between 3 and 4	Ch2 analog output		
Between 5 and 6	Ch3 analog output		
Between 7 and 8	Ch4 analog output		
Between 9 and 10	Ch5 analog output		
Between 11 and 12	Ch6 analog output		
Between 13 and 14	Ch7 analog output		
Between 15 and 16	Ch8 analog output		
17 to 25	NC		

Pin No.	Description	
+ –		
1	NC	
2	TXD	
3	RXD	
4	NC	
5	GND	
6	NC	
7	NC	
8	NC	
9	NC	

<Analyzer unit: Control output connector> and <Sampling unit: Control input connector>

Input/output signal connector for sampling device control

A female connector is supplied for the main unit (DA-15S-T-N by Japan Aviation Electronics).

Use the supplied cable (1m) (DAU-15P) for connection.



Pin No.	Description
+ -	
Between 1 and 2	Sample pump (PM1) operation signal
Between 3 and 4	Drain pump (PM2) operation signal
Between 5 and 6	Solenoid valve 1, 6 operation signal
Between 7 and 8	Solenoid valve 2 operation signal
Between 9 and 10	Solenoid valve 3 operation signal
Between 11 and 12	Solenoid valve 4 operation signal
Between 13 and 14	Solenoid valve 5 operation signal
15	NC

Note 1: NC indicates that the pin is not used.

Note 2: Different numbers are assigned for male (P) and female (S) pins. Make connections, paying attention to the numbers.

1.4 Operation panel and display

This section provides the names of each key for operation and display screens, and describes details of their operation.



1.4.1 Names of parts on the operation panel and descriptions

Name	Description	Name	Description
(1) MODE key	Used to switch mode display.	(5) ESC key	Used to return to the previous screen or exit the setting.
(2) DOWN key	Used to change select items (move cursor) and numeric settings.	(6) MEAS key	Used to switch between measurement mode and standby mode.
(3) RIGHT key	Used to change the digit of the setting.	(7) Backligh UP key	Increases the brightness of the backlight in display unit.
(4) ENT key	Used to confirm the selected items and changed numeric settings. Also used for executing calibration.	(8) Backlight DOWN key	Decreases the brightness of the backlight in display unit.

1.4.2 Outline of display screen

(1) Measurement mode screen (This screen appears immediately after the power is turned on.)

The measurement 1 screen varies depending on the number of components. The measurement 2 screen is displayed for the specifications of 6 channels or more. The following screen configuration example is for 5-component specifications (NO_x , SO_2 , CO_2 , CO, and O_2) (8 channels).



• Instantaneous value and concentration value:

The concentration display of Ch (component) where sampling components such as "CO₂," "CO" or "O₂ are displayed in the component display, indicates current concentration values of the measured components contained in gas that is now under measurement.

• O₂ correction concentration values:

Ch components where "cv**" is displayed as "cv CO" in the component display are calculated from the following equation, by setting sampling components, O_2 instantaneous/concentration values and O_2 correction reference value.

Correction output=
$$\begin{bmatrix} 21 - On \\ 21 - Os \end{bmatrix} \times Cs$$
 On: The value of the O₂ correction reference value (Value set by application)
Os: Oxygen concentration (%)

Cs: Concentration of relevant measured component. Calculation is made with 20Vol% if Os is 20Vol% or higher.

The corrected sampling components are NO_x , SO_2 and CO only.

• O₂ correction concentration average value:

In the Ch (component) where " $_{AV}^{CV}$ **" is displayed as " $_{AV}^{CV}$ CO" in the component display, a value obtained by averaging O₂ correction concentration value in a fixed time is output every 30 seconds.

Averaging time can be changed between 1 minute and 59 minutes or 1 hour and 4 hours according to the average time settings.

(The set time is displayed as "1h," or instance, in the range display.)

Note) The measurement ranges of O_2 correction concentration value and O_2 correction concentration average value are the same as that of the measuring components.

• CP calculation value:

The carbon potential of carburizing furnace and conversion furnace are calculated using furnace temperature (fixed input value) and CO concentration value (fixed or measured value) while referring to CO_2 measured value.

Calculation equation;
$$CP = \frac{CPS \times (PCO)^2}{K1 \times PCO_2}$$

where,
 CPS ; Saturated carbon concentration (partial pressure)
 $0.0028t - 1.30 (800^{\circ}C \le 850^{\circ}C)$
 $0.0030t - 1.47 (850^{\circ}C \le 950^{\circ}C)$
 $0.0034t - 1.85 (950^{\circ}C \le 1000^{\circ}C)$
t ; Furnace temperature
 PCO ; CO concentration value (partial pressure)
 PCO_2 ; CO₂ concentration value (partial pressure)
 $K1$; Constant $K1=10^{(9.06-15966/T)}$
T ; Rankine temperature (t × 9/5 + 32 + 460)

(2) Menu mode screen

The menu mode setting and select screen are shown below.



2. BEFORE USE

A DANGER

This unit is not explosion-proof type. Do not use it in a place with explosive gases to prevent explosion, fire or other serious accidents.

- Entrust the installation, movement or re-installation to a specialist or the supplier. A poor installation may cause accidental tipover, shock hazard, fire, injury, etc.
- The gas analyzer is heavy. It should be installed with utmost care. Otherwise, it may tipover or drop, for example, causing accident or injury.
- For lifting the gas analyzer, be sure to wear protective gloves. Bare hands may invite an injury.
- This unit should be installed in a place which conforms to the conditions noted in the instruction manual. Otherwise, it may cause electric shocks, fire or malfunction of the unit.
- During installation work, care should be taken to keep the unit free from entry of cable chips or other foreign objects. Otherwise, it may cause fire, trouble or malfunction of the unit.

2.1 Installation

- Install the analyzer in a horizontal and stable place that endures the mass of the analyzer unit and the sampling unit.
- Install the analyzer in a place not subject to direct sunlight, weather, or radiant heat from high-temperature objects. If installation to such a place is inevitable, provide a roof or cover to avoid the effect.
- Do not install the analyzer in a place subject to vibration.
- Select a place of clear atmosphere.
- Discharge the exhaust gas to the atmosphere in a safe place.
- Install the analyzer unit and the sampling unit within the reach of the supplied cables and pipes (1m or less). The analyzer unit can be placed on the sampling unit.
- If you put a cover on the analyzer unit and the sampling unit, open a hole on the cover to make it easy to turn on or off the power switch.
- To carry the analyzer, use the carrying handle on the top.

2.2 Piping in the gas analyzer

2.2.1 Piping procedure



2.2.2 Connecting gas extractor

(1) Flexible gas extractor (option)

The flexible gas extractor consists of a probe handle and a probe cap.



The probe handle consists of packing for probe, case, and relay packing.

Connect the probe handle, probe cap, and gas tube, following the procedure shown below.

1) Check that the relay packing is inserted properly.



- 2) Turn the probe cap counterclockwise to connect it to the probe handle securely.
- 3) Cut off the pipe for connection (standard accessory, $\emptyset 9/\emptyset 5$) by about 50mm, and connect it to the probe cap $\emptyset 6/\emptyset 4$).
- 4) Insert the gas tube (Teflon, ø6/ø4, option) to the pipe for connection.Theu, use the supplied hose band for each connection.



(2) Fixed gas extractor (option)

Flange is JIS 5K 25A FF made by SUS316.

The fixed gas extractor consists of sampling pipe, flange, and main elbow.

1) Insert the gas tube (Teflon, $\phi 6/\phi 4$, option) into the main elbow, and fasten it with the supplied nut.



2.2.3 Connecting sampling unit

- Discharge exhaust gas to the outdoors to prevent it from staying indoors.
- Discharge exhaust gas to the atmosphere, paying attention not to apply undesired pressure to the sampling unit.
- The drain is discharged automatically. Externally provide a drain receive container.
- Use hose and pressure reducing valve with no oil or grease attached.
- In addition to a sample gas inlet and outlet, there is a purge gas inlet at the front panel on the analyzer unit.

Be careful of a connection place in the front panel of piping connection.

Make connections of the sampling unit, following the procedure shown below.

- (1) Cut off the pipe for connection (standard accessory, 0/05) by 50mm, and insert it to the sample gas inlet. Connect the gas tube to it.
- (2) Cut the pipe for connection (standard accessory, 09/05) into 2 pieces of about 1000mm, and insert each of them into sample gas 1 outlet and sample gas 2 outlet respectively. Connect the opposite sides to sample gas 1 inlet and sample gas 2 inlet of the analyzer unit respectively.
- (3) Cut the pipe for connection (standard accessory, 09/05) into a piece of about 2000mm, and connect it to the exhaust gas port of the analyzer unit. Extend the hose to a safe place to discharge the exhaust gas to the atmosphere.
- (4) Connect the remaining piping into the drain port of the sampling unit. The drain is discharged automatically. Externally provide a drain receive container.
- (5) Connect a standard gas cylinder for zero/span calibration as required. Mount a pressure controller to the standard gas cylinder. (See **"5.3.9 Standard gas cylinder pressure controller"** for details.



2.3 Wiring

The power supply and the output connector are located on the rear face of each of the main unit.

- Be sure to turn off all the power before performing wiring. Otherwise electric shock may result.
- Be sure to perform Class D grounding work with the grounding lead. Otherwise electric shock or failure may result.
- Select appropriate wiring materials according to the ratings of the devices. Otherwise electric shock or fire may result.
- Connect the power supply that satisfies the rating. Otherwise fire may result.

Electric Shock

Please be sure to make ground (grounding) connection for safety.

2.3.1 Power supply

Insert the socket of the provided power cord into the power inlet on the rear side of the analyzer, and insert the plug of the cord into the power outlet which conforms to the rating.



When noise emission source is near the analyzer -

- Do not install the analyzer near an electric device that generates power supply noise (such as high-frequency furnace or electric welder). If the use near such devices is inevitable, separately install the power supply line to avoid noise interference.
- If noise comes in from the power supply, mount a barrister (such as ENA211-1 by Fuji Electric) or a spark killer (such as S1201 by OKAYA) to the noise emission source as shown by the figure at right. Note that mounting one apart from the noise emission source does not produce sufficient effect.



Power source for analyzer

2.3.2 Output connector

(1) Analog output

• Use supplied dedicated cable (DB-25P 25 male pin) for taking out output signals.

Fasten the cable securely using supplied screws.

Output signal: 4 to 20mA DC or 0 to 1V DC (by code symbols), non-isolated

Permissible load: 4 to 20mA DC, 550Ω or lower

0 to 1V DC, $100k\Omega$ or higher

• The analog output corresponds to the channel (Ch) on the measurement screen display.

None of the analog outputs of this product is isolated. To prevent the effect of external interference, individually isolate signals before drawing out wiring to outdoors or extending the dedicated cable.

(2) Control input/output

- Use the supplied dedicate cable (DAU-15P 15 pin, male-male) to connect the control signals from the analyzer unit and the sampling unit.
- Contact failure may result in malfunction. Be sure to fasten the cable securely using the supplied screws.

(3) Communication output

• Digital output signals are RS232-C Modbus capable.

Individual programming by referring to the attached "Description of Communication Function" is required.

Use a commercially available cable (D-sub 9 pin, female-female).



2.4 Feeding clear water

The gas analyzer is equipped with an electronic dehumidifier for removal of moisture within the sample gas. To accurately correct calculation of the moisture that cannot be removed with the electronic dehumidifier, humidification must be performed when zero calibration is performed.

Feed clear water into the zero gas pot, following the procedure shown below.

- (1) Remove the water feed port (PT1/4) of the sampling unit.
- (2) Feed tap water using the supplied water container (washing bottle) until the water level reaches about 1cm lower than the water feed port (about 70cc).
- (3) Securely fasten the cap of the water feed inlet to maintain airtightness.



- Be careful not to let water overflow at the time of feeding. Otherwise short-circuiting of electrical devices may result, thus causing electric shock or fire.
- Securely fasten the plug to maintain airtightness. Otherwise reading error may result.

3. OPERATION

3.1 Warm-up operation

(1) Set the power switch both on the analyzer unit and the sampling unit to ON. ("|": ON, "○": OFF). The lamp within the power switch comes on.



(2) The WARM-UP display comes on and stays on for about 2 seconds in the center. It then moves to the lower left-hand corner of the screen. The warm-up operation end time is displayed with the down timer.

Caution on operation

Key operation cannot be made while the WARM-UP display stays on in the center of the screen.

Wait until the display moves to the lower lefthand side corner of the screen.



After 2 seconds



(3) The warm-up time is about 30 minutes after the power is turned on both with the analyzer unit and the sampling unit.On completion of the warm-up operation the WARM-UP display and the timer go off.

Caution on operation

Press the key during warm-up operation, and measurement can be made. In this case, fluctuation of the reading may result because the instrument has not been warmed up fully. "Auto zero calibration" is not performed before the start of measurement.



3.2 Zero/span calibration

Be sure to perform zero/span calibration of each component after the warm-up operation is completed.

3.2.1 Calibration time/cycle and concentration value setting (See "4.1.2" for setting method.)

(1) Zero calibration time/cycle setting

Select <Menu Mode> → <2. Setting about Calibration> → <1. Zero Calibration Time/Cycle Setting>, and set the zero gas feed time, ON/OFF of auto zero calibration, and cycle time, ON/OFF of zero calibration before the start of measurement.

(2) Span calibration concentration value setting

1) Select <Menu Mode> \rightarrow <2. Setting about Calibration> \rightarrow <2. Span Calibration Concentration Value Setting>, and change calibration gas concentration value for each component range.

3.2.2 Switching ranges (See "4.1.4" for setting method.)

(1) Select <Menu Mode $> \rightarrow <$ 4. Changeover of Range> to adjust the range to the measurement range.

3.2.3 Zero/span calibration (See "4.1.1" for calibration method.)

(1) Select <Menu Mode> \rightarrow <Zero/Span Calibration>, and perform zero/span calibration.

3.2.4 Adjusting flow rate

(1) Using the needle valves (NV1, NV2) of the sampling unit, adjust the flow rate so that the flow checker ball of the analyzer unit comes to the center of the yellow zone (about 0.5L/min).



🕂 Caution on operation

• The flow channel of the sample gas (during measurement) within the sampling unit is different from that of the calibration gas (zero, span). Make an adjustment using the needle valve as required.
3.3 Starting and exiting measurement

Perform measurement after zero/span calibration is completed.

3.3.1 Starting measurement

- (1) Display measurement 1 screen or measurement 2 screen.
- (2) Press the (MEAS) key. Auto zero calibration is started, and when arbitrarily set time has elapsed, switching is made to measurement state.

— A Caution on operation

- The ON/OFF operation of the weaks key (measurement/standby mode) is allowed only on measurement screens 1 to 2. Be sure to check the displayed screen before making the selection.
- Measurement can be made during warm-up operation, but auto zero calibration is not performed. Note that the reading may fluctuate because the instrument has not been warmed up fully.
- Auto zero calibration cannot be forcibly performed before the start of measurement.

Keys other than the brightness adjustment key and the (MEAS) key cannot be operation while auto zero calibration is in progress.

Press the (MEAS) key to bring the instrument into standby state, and then perform other operations.

Note that ON/OFF can be selected for auto zero calibration before the start of measurement. Select <Menu mode> \rightarrow <2. Setting about calibration > \rightarrow <1. Zero Calibration Time/Cycle Setting> mode to make the ON/OFF setting.





MEAS





3.3.2 Exiting measurement

(1) Display measurement 1 screen or measurement 2 screen.



The **PURGE** display comes on and stays on for about 2 seconds, and then it moves to the lower right-hand corner of the screen. The purge complete time is displayed with the down timer.

- How to forcibly exiting purge

Press the (ESC) key in a state where PURGE is displayed at the lower right-hand corner of the screen, and purge is forcibly exited.

(3) After purge is exited, automatic draining is started.

How to forcibly exit draining

Press the (ESC) key in a state where DRAIN is displayed at the lower right-hand corner of the screen, and draining is forcibly exited.

Measurement has thus been completed.















3.3.3 Stopping operation

Perform the following and then turn off the power.

(1) Checking drain volume and draining

Visually check the drain volume through the drain check window.

If the drain has not been discharged completely, select <Menu Mode> \rightarrow <5. Drain> \rightarrow <Pot> to discharge the remaining drain.

Menu I Drain	1ode	≫:Select an ENT:Enter ESC:Back	item
1 .	Pot		
2.	Zero Gas	Pot	
3.	A11		
4.	Time & Cy	cle	

Menu M Drain	lode	≈:Select an ENT:Enter ESC:Back	item
1.	Pot	Do+	
3.	All	rui	
4.	Time & Cy	cle	

(2) Draining zero gas pot

To transport the instrument or suspend the operation for one week or longer, select <Menu Mode> \rightarrow <5. Drain> \rightarrow <Pot> to drain the clean water within the zero gas pot.

(3) Replace the filter paper of the membrane filter. (See 5.3.4.)

• Do not transport or store the instrument with drain or clean water remaining within the zero gas pot. Otherwise leakage may occur, and when the power is turned on later, electric shock or fire may result. Discoloration or degradation of the pot may also result.

4. SETTING AND MODE

4.1 Menu mode

4.1.1 Zero/span calibration

Perform zero and span calibrations in the menu mode.

Caution on operation

- If zero/span calibration is attempted during warm-up operation, WARM-UP is displayed on the upper right-hand corner of the screen, and the calibration cannot be executed.
- This instrument enters into the span calibration mode after zero calibration is completed.
- Zero/span calibration can be performed either in measurement or standby mode. However, the output hold is not executed in standby mode irrespective of the setting (kept in OFF state).

(1) Zero calibration mode

- Press the MODE key either on measurement 1 or measurement 2 screen to display menu mode screen.
- Move the cursor to <1. Zero/Span Calibration> using the (⇒) key, and then press the (ENT) key.

On the <Gas Select> screen that appears, select zero and span gas conditions using the (⇒) key.

Setting contents

• The setting screen varies depending on calibration gas conditions. Perform calibration according to the following descriptions.

When <Wet Air/Dry> is selected: Zero gas: Air in cylinder or clean air Span gas: Dry gas in cylinder When <Wet N2/Dry> is selected

Zero gas: N2

- Span gas: Dry gas in cylinder
- 4) Press the (INT) key, and the <Zero Cal.> mode screen appears.

Setting contents

- ON : Executes zero calibration.
- OFF : Does not execute zero calibration.

6) Press the $\left(\mathbb{E} \mathbb{N}^{T} \right)$ key.





▲ Caution on operation

- Zero calibration is performed in batch for all the ranges of selected components.
- If "OFF" is selected for zero calibration of all the components, zero calibration including auto zero calibration and that before start of measurement is not performed.
- Zero calibration is performed at the time arbitrarily set. The time of completion of zero calibration is displayed at the upper right-hand corner of the screen.

How to forcibly perform zero calibration

To forcibly perform zero calibration without waiting for the arbitrarily set time of calibration to elapse, press the (I) key in 8).



- 30 -

(2) Span calibration mode

Caution on operation

• When span calibration of the target Ch is completed, the screen automatically switches to the span calibration screen of the next Ch. Press the work key not to perform span calibration, and the screen switches to the span calibration screen of the next Ch.

Setting contents

"both" : Carries out span calibration of 3 ranges in batch.

"each" : Carries out span calibration by range.

Note on operation-

"both" : Calibration of each component can be carried out with the same span gas, which is ideal when the place of measurement is changed frequently.

"each" : Span calibration is carried out by each component range.

Operation in the case where "both" is selected

- 1) Select "both" for calibration operation using the \bigotimes key, and press the (ENT) key.
- The cursor appears for all the ranges, and flickers at only one range. The concentration is also displayed for that range.

The display indicates the calibration reference range.

Span calibration concentration value is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

- Feed the span gas for the target of calibration. Adjust the flow rate at about 0.5L/min.
- 5) When the reading stabilizes in about 2 to 3 minutes, press the (ENT) key.
- 6) The display automatically switches to Ch span calibration mode screen.
- 7) Follow the procedure in 3) to 6) to carry out span calibration for all the components.

— ▲ Caution on operation To change span gas calibration concentration value, select <Menu Mode> → <2. Setting about Calibration> → <2. Span Calibration Value>.

Calibration has now been completed.

	Menu Span CH	Mode Cal. 1		»:Select mod ENT:Enter ESC:Back MODE:CH2 Spa	le in cal.		
MODE	CH	ele.	cal.	range	value		
\leq				0-500ppm	0.4	ppm	<u> </u>
	CH1	NOx	both	0-1000ppm		ppm	
				0-2000ppm		ppm	
	R						
	()), (\sim		
	Menu Span CH	Mode Cal. 1		≍:Select a r ENT:Span cal ESC:Cancel MODE:CH2 Spa	range • m cal.		
	CH	ele.	cal.	range	value		
				▶0-500ppm	0.6	ppm	
	CH1	NOx	both	2 0-1000ppm	16 L DO	ppm	
				▶0-2000ppm		ppm	
	S	span ga	s:5	00.Oppm			
	(≫,(Ļ			
L-	Menu Span CH	Mode Cal. 1		⊗:Select a r ENT:Span cal ESC:Cancel MODE:CH2 Spa	range • m cal.		\frown
	CH	ele.	cal.	range	value		ESC
	14.05			©0-500ppm		ppm	
	CH1	NOx	both	20-1000ppm	0	ppm	
				2 0-2000ppm		ppm	
	s	span ga	S : 9	165ppm			
				Ļ			_
		Ca	libra	ation comp	lete		

Operation in the case where "each" is selected

- 1) Select "each" for calibration operation using the \bigotimes key, and press the (\bowtie) key.
- The cursor and concentration value are displayed only for the target range.
 Span calibration concentration value is also displayed at the bottom of the screen.
- 3) Change the span calibration concentration value using the \bigotimes key.
- Feed the span gas for target of calibration. Adjust the flow rate at about 0.5L/min.
- 5) When the reading stabilizes in about 2 to 3 minutes, press the (INT) key.
- 6) The mode automatically switches to the Ch span calibration mode.
- 7) To calibrate other ranges, press the (ESC) key, and repeat the procedure in 3) to 6)
- 8) Follow the procedure in 3) to 7) to carry out span calibration of all the components.

Caution on operation

To change span gas calibration concentration value, select <Menu Mode> → <2. Setting about Calibration> → <2. Span Calibration Value>.

Calibration has now been completed.



(3) Zero/span calibration complete screen

- 1) Exiting manual zero/span calibration in progress
- If span calibration mode is jumped using the (MODE) key (calibration not performed), the "Menu Mode" screen appears again.
- If span calibration is executed by pressing the *wy* key, the "Measurement screen" appears again.



- 2) Exiting manual zero/span calibration in standby mode
- The "Menu Mode" screen appears again.



4.1.2 Setting calibration time/cycle and concentration value

(1) Setting zero calibration time/cycle

Select gas feed time for manual/auto zero calibration, ON/OFF of auto zero calibration, and the calibration cycle. Also select ON/OFF of zero calibration before the start of measurement.

Setting range and c	ontents
• Zero gas feed time	: "180 to 999 sec" (in steps of 1 sec)
• Auto zero calibration cycle	: "ON"; Executes auto zero calibration. 01 to 12 hours (in steps of 1 hour)
	"OFF"; Does not execute auto zero calibration.
• Zero calibration before the s	tart of measurement :
	"ON"; Performs zero calibration before the measurement is started.
<	"OFF"; Does not perform zero calibration before the measurement is started.

Initial value

- Zero gas feed time : 180 sec
- Auto zero calibration cycle : OFF When "ON" is selected: 04 hours
- Zero calibration before the start of measurement : ON
- Move the cursor to <2. Setting about Calibration> using the key, and press the key. The screen switches as shown at right.

Move the cursor to <1. About Zero Calibration> using the (⇒) key, and press the (⊨) key.



- 3) Move the cursor to <Flow time> using the key , and press the key. The cursor moves to the setting value.
- 4) Select a digit using the ≫ key, and change the value using the ≫ key. Then press the ⊮ key. The previous screen appears again.



- 5) Set <Cycle> in the same manner.
- 6) Also make the setting for <Zero Calibration before Start of Measurement>.

The setting has now been completed.

- 🕂 Caution on screen

• The cycle time is not displayed if "OFF" is selected for auto zero calibration cycle setting. Select "ON" using the 🛞 key, and set the cycle time.

(2) Setting span calibration value

Enter span calibration gas concentration value for each component and each range.

Setting range

• Minimum display value to full scale value (FS) of each range

Note that the accuracy of span gas concentration value is guaranteed within 80 to 100% range of the full scale.

Use a proper gas cylinder.

Example of input range: In the case of 500ppm range

- Input can be made within the range from 000.1ppm to 500.0ppm.
- Input of 000.0ppm and 500.1ppm or higher are regarded as an error (previous input is retained).

Initial value

- Each component and range: In-house span adjustment value or full-scale value
- Move the cursor to <2. Span Calibration Value> using the key, and press the key. The screen switches as shown at right.
- 2) Move the cursor to the component (Ch) to be set using the \bigotimes key, and press the (ENT) key.

The cursor moves to range 1 (Ch1).

Move the cursor to the range to be set using the () key, and press the (ENT) key.

The cursor moves to the span calibration value.



4) Select a digit using the ≫ key, and change the value using the ⊗ key.
Press the ⊮ key.
The previous screen appears again.

ere.		l Opan Calibration Value			
	range1	range2	range3		
NOx	01. 0 ppm	0965 ррт	1920 ppm		
SO2	474. [] ppm	0934 ppm	1900 ppm		
CO2	4. 820 vote	09.51	19.00		
CO	190. () ppm	477. 4 ppm	0934 ppm		
02	4.880	09.49 001%	24.00 .00		
),(>)), (ENT)				
. •	Setting co	omplete			
	SO2 CO2 CO 02	SO2 474. [] ppm CO2 4. 820 web CO 190. [] ppm O2 4. 880 web O2 4. 880 web	SO2 474.0 ppm 0934 ppm CO2 4.820 vote 09.51 vote CO 190.0 ppm 477.4 ppm O2 4.880 vote 09.49 vote), (S), (ENT) Setting complete		

5) Make the setting for other components and ranges in the same manner.

4.1.3 Setting gas change and purge time

Change gas or purge gas is automatically fed when calibration or measurement is completed. The duration of feed can be set as follows.

Gas change/purge

- Gas change : After manual calibration or auto zero calibration is completed during measurement, sample gas is fed for a period of time arbitrarily selected.
- Purge : After manual calibration or auto zero calibration is completed in standby state, or after the measurement is completed, zero gas is fed for a period of time arbitrarily selected.

Setting range -

• "30 to 300 sec" (in steps of 1 sec)

Initial value

"60 sec"

Press the (INT) key to register the setting.

The cursor moves to the most significant digit of the setting.

Menu Mode ⊗:Select an item ENT:Enter ESC:Back
 Zero/Span Calibration Setting about Calibration Setting about Gas change/purge Changeover of Range Drain Error Cancel CP Setting Parameter Setting
Exchange Gas ENT:Enter Setting ESC:Cancel
Exchange Time D6 0 sec
Select a data: [3Osec. to 3OOsec.]
()), (), (), ()
Setting complete
Menu Mode %,»:Input digit Exchange Gas ENT:Enter Setting ESC:Cancel
Exchange Time 🛛 🕅 60 sec
Select a data: [30sec. to 300sec.]

4.1.4 Switching ranges

The range and the display selected in this mode is output.

The correction value and the average correction value and the CP calculation value are also calculated in selection range.



The cursor at the selected range is highlighted as \triangleright , and the previous screen appears again.

4) Make the setting for other components in the same manner.



4.1.5 Draining

The drain pot and the zero gas pot can be manually drained in this mode. The duration and the cycle of automatic draining can be made as follows.

A Caution on draining

• Drain can be discharged manually or automatically.

Connect a tube and a drain receive container to the drain port.

- If the analyzer is not operated for 1 week or longer, or it is transferred to another site, be sure to drain water within the drain pot and the zero pot.
- Visually check the drain volume through the drain check window, and determine the automatic draining cycle.
- If the drain should overflow from the pot, overhaul is required. Be sure to check the drain volume daily.
- 1) Move the cursor to <5. Drain> using the \bigotimes key, and press the \bigotimes key.

The screen switches as shown at right.

(1) Draining drain pot

Discharge the drain within the mist filter (MSF) and the dehumidifier as shown below.

1) Using the \bigotimes_{key} key, move the cursor to <1. Pot>, and then press the (ENT) key.

 "DRAIN" comes on at the center of the screen.
 Draining is performed automatically, and it is stopped when arbitrarily set time elapses.

The work has now been completed.

\Lambda Caution on draining

• Press the (ESC) key while draining is in progress to forcibly stop draining.



(2) Draining zero gas pot

Drain the clear water within the pot for zero gas dehumidification as follows. See "Draining drain pot" in (1) for details.

(3) Batch draining

The contents within the drain pot and the zero gas pot can be drained at the same time. See "Draining drain pot" in (1) for details.

(4) Setting draining time and cycle

The time and cycle of draining can be set as follows.

Setting range

- Draining time: "30 to 60 sec" (in steps of 1 sec)
- Draining cycle: "1 to 8 hours" (in steps of 1 hour)

Initial value

- Draining time: "30 sec"
- Draining cycle: "04 hours"
- 2) Move the cursor to <Drain Time> using the key, and press the key.
 The cursor moves to the time to be set.

The previous screen appears again.

4) Follow the same procedure to set <Cycle>.



4.1.6 Canceling errors

The error display can be canceled in this mode.

A Caution on handling -

- The error display only can be deleted in this mode. If the cause of occurrence of the error is not removed, the error display appears again.
- (1) Move the cursor to <6. Error Cancel> using the key, and press the key.
 The screen switches as shown at right.

(2) Press the Key again.The Menu Mode screen appears again.

The work has now been completed.



4.1.7 Setting CP calculation value conditions

Set the conditions necessary for CP calculation in this mode.

Note

• The mode is displayed when CP calculation value is selected for the output type.

Setting range

- CO concentration: Regular value; "10.0 to 40.0% CO" (In steps of 0.1%)
- Furnace temperature setting: "800°C to 1000°C" (In steps of 1°C)

Initial value

- CO concentration: "Regulated to 20.0% CO"
- Furnace temperature setting: "900°C"
- Move the cursor to <7. CP Setting> using the set and then press the key, and the screen is switched.

(1) CO concentration setting

Select <Measured Value> or <Regular Value> as CO concentration required for calculation.

- Move the cursor to <1. CO Concentration Setting> using the key and then press the key, and the screen is switched.
- Select measured value or regular value using the (⇒) key.
 - Select the measured value and press the key to return to the previous screen.
 - Select the regular value and press the key, and temporary CO concentration value is displayed.
 - Select a digit using the \bigotimes key, and change the value using the \bigotimes key.

Press the (INT) key to return to the previous screen.

Note on setting

• If CO meter is not provided, setting the CO concentration value to <Measured Value> results in a calculation error. Be sure to enter the value properly.



The setting has now been completed.



(2) Furnace temperature setting

Enter temporary furnace temperature value.

2) Move the cursor to <2. Furnace Temperature Setting> using the (Set) key and then press the (ENT) key, and the screen is switched.



Select a digit using the ^(≫) key and change the value using the ^(∞) key. Press the ^{(ℕT} key to return to the previous screen.

4.1.8 Parameter setting

The parameter setting screen can be entered in this mode. See 4.2 for details of parameter setting.

(1) Move the cursor to <8. Parameter Setting> using the key, and press the key.

The Parameter Mode screen appears.

Menu Mode	≈:Select an item ENT:Enter ESC:Back
 Zero/Span Setting at Setting at Changeover Drain Error Cano CP Setting 8. Parameter 	Calibration bout Calibration bout Gas change/purge r of Range cel g Setting
Parameter Mode	≈:Select an item ENT:Enter ESC:Back
Current Date/1	Time 06-20 16:11
Key Lock	OFF
Output Hold	OFF
Reset Av. Outp	out RESET
Back Light	OFF
To Maintenance	e Mode 0000

4.2 Parameter mode

Make the parameter setting, observing the following.

Setting item

• Current Date/Time	: Set current month, date, hour, and minute.
• Key Lock	: Key operations can be disabled.
• Output Hold	: The output can be held during calibration in measurement.
• Reset Av. Output	: The average value can be reset.
• Back Light	: The back light can be automatically turned off in standby mode.
	And also OFF time of the backlight can be set.
• To Maintenance Mode	e : Enter the password for entering the maintenance mode.

* See "4.3 Maintenance mode" for details of the maintenance mode.

(1) Move the cursor to <Menu Mode> $\rightarrow <$ 8. Parameter Setting> using the \bigotimes key, and press the \bowtie key.

Menu Mode ⊗:Selec ENT:Ent ESC:Bac	t an item er k
 Zero/Span Calibrz Setting about Cal Setting about Gas Changeover of Rar Drain Error Cancel CP Setting Parameter Setting 	ation ibration s change/purge nge
	ESC
Parameter Mode %:Selec ENT:Ent ESC:Back	t an item er K
Current Date/Time	06-20 16:11
Key Lock	OFF
Output Hold	OFF
Reset Av. Output	RESET
Back Light	OFF
To Maintenance Mode	0000

4.2.1 Setting date/time

The setting is made to record the date and time of occurrence of an error.

See <Maintenance Mode> \rightarrow <13. Error Log> for the contents to be recorded.

- eal Caution on handling -

• This mode is backed up with a battery. However, if the power is kept off for 7 days or longer, the clock is made to stop. Resetting is required in this case.

Setting range

- Month : 01 to 12
- Date : 01 to 31
- Hour : 00 to 23
- Minute : 00 to 59

(2) Select current date and time using the 🛞 and the 🛞 keys.

(3) Press the (III) key to register the setting. Then the item selection screen appears again.

Parameter Mode ⊗:Sele	ct an item
ENT:En	ter
ESC:Ba	ck
Current Date/Time	06-20 16:11
Key Lock	OFF
Output Hold	OFF
Reset Av. Output	RESET
Back Light	OFF
To Maintenance Mode	0000
	ESC
Parameter Mode ≫:Sele	ct date/time
Date/Time ⊗:Inpu	t digit
ENT:En	ter
ESC:Ca	ncel
Current Date/Time	00-20 16:11
Key Lock	OFF
Output Hold	OFF
Reset Av. Output	RESET
Back Light	OFF
To Maintenance Mode	0000
Setting cor	nplete

4.2.2 Key lock

The key lock function can be used to prevent improper operation and entry by an unauthorized person.

Setting contents

- ON : Enables key lock.
- OFF : Resets key lock.

A Caution on setting -

- The following operations can be made even when key lock is set to "ON."
- (1) ON/OFF of the (MEAS) key (switching between the measurement and the standby modes)
- (2) Execution of zero/span calibration
- (3) Execution or error cancel
- (4) ON/OFF setting of this mode (key lock)
- (5) Adjustment of brightness
- Set this mode to "OFF" before making settings other than the above.
- (1) Move the cursor to <Key Lock> using the \bigotimes key, and press the \bigotimes key.

The cursor moves to the value to be entered.

- (2) Select "ON/OFF" using the \bigotimes key.
- (3) Press the (ENT) key to register the setting.Then the item selection screen appears again.

The setting has now been completed.



Initial value

• OFF

4.2.3 Output hold

Output signals are put to hold during calibration in measurement (auto zero, manual zero, and span calibrations), draining, and gas change.

Setting contents

- ON : Holds output signals.
- OFF : Resets the hold of output signals.

	Initial	value	
• 01	ŦF		

1. Calibration and hold operations in measurement



- 2. Hold operation in standby mode -

Output is not put to hold irrespective of hold "ON/OFF" setting.

(1) Move the cursor to <Output Hold> using the \bigotimes key, and then press the \bigotimes key.

The cursor moves to the value to be entered.

- (2) Select "ON/OFF" using the key.
 (3) Press the key to register the setting. The item selection screen appears again.

Parameter Mode ⊗:Selec	t an item
ENT:Ent	er
ESC:Bac	k
Current Date/Time	06-20 16:18
Key Lock	OFF
Dutput Hold	OFF
Reset Av. Output	RESET
Back Light	OFF
To Maintenance Mode	0000
	ESC
Parameter Mode Selec	t ON/OFF
Output Hold ENT:Ent	er
ESC:Can	cel
Current Date/Time	06-20 16:19
Key Lock	OFF
Output Hold	ON
Reset Av. Output	RESET
Back Light	OFF
To Maintenance Mode	0000

4.2.4 Resetting average output value

Integrated average output value and display can be reset as follows.



4.2.5 Setting indicator lamp OFF time

Automatic ON/OFF and OFF time of the indicator backlight can be set as follows.

OFF condition

- Set the setting to "ON."
- When the set time elapses since any key is pressed last on "measurement 1 screen or measurement 2 screen" in "standby state," the backlight automatically goes off.

ON condition

• When any key is pressed while the backlight stays off, it automatically comes on.

Setting contents

- ON : The backlight goes off when arbitrarily set time elapses. The setting range is from 01 to 30 minutes (in steps of 1 minute).
- OFF : The backlight does not go off.

Initial value

- OFF (05 minutes if ON is selected)
- (1) Using the \bigotimes_{ENT} key, move the cursor to <Back Light >, and press the (ENT) key.

The cursor moves to the value to be entered.

- (2) Select "ON/OFF" using the key.
 Select "ON," and the OFF time is displayed.
 Move the cursor using the key, and change the setting using the key.
- (3) Register the setting by pressing the (ENT) key. Then the item select screen appears again.



4.2.6 Maintenance mode

Enter the password to go into the maintenance mode.

Initial password –

- The password is set to "0000" at the time of delivery from the factory.
- Select <Maintenance Mode> \rightarrow <10. Password Set> to change the password.
- (1) Move the cursor to <Maintenance Mode> using the key, and press the key.

The cursor moves to the password entry field.

- (2) Enter the password using the \bigotimes and the \bigotimes keys.
- (3) Press the (ENT) key, and the <Maintenance Mode> screen appears.

	lf you	forget	the	password	
--	--------	--------	-----	----------	--

Enter the common password "6284."

Parameter Mode	∷Select ENT:Enter ESC:Back	an item
Current Date/T Key Lock Output Hold Reset Av. Outp Back Light D To Maintenance	Fime out e Mode	06-20 16:30 OFF ON RESET OFF 0000
		ESC
Parameter Mode To Maintenance	≈,≫:Input ENT:Enter ESC:Cance	digit I
Current Date/T Key Lock Output Hold Reset Av. Outp Back Light To Maintenance	Fime Dut e Mode	06-20 16:31 OFF ON RESET OFF 1000
	1	ESC
Maintenance Mode	≈.≫:Selec ENT:Enter ESC:Back	t an item
 CH No. Average tim Current/Vol Output adj. O2 ref. Val Interference Station No. Response ti 	9. ne 10. t 11. 12. ue 13. xe 14. me	Minus display Password Set Sensor Input Coefficient Error Log To Factory

4.3 Maintenance mode

Change of output value, periodic inspection, and failure analysis are performed in the maintenance mode.

See 4.2.6 Maintenance Mode for the procedure to enter the maintenance mode.

— Descriptio	on of setting item
1. CH No.	: Select "corrected instantaneous value" or "corrected average value" or "CP calculation value" for display and output value.
2. Average time	: Select average time of "corrected average value."
3. Current/Volt	: Select current output or voltage output.
4. Output adj.	: Adjust zero value and span value of output signals.
5. O2 ref. Value	: Set reference O_2 concentration value.
6. Interference	: Adjustment mode for correcting the moisture interference on NO_{X} and SO_{2} analyzers
7. Station No.	: Set when using communication input/output.
8. Response time	: Set the response time of internal operation.
9. Minus display	: Set with/without of minus display.
10. Password Set.	: Password setting to enter the maintenance mode
11. Sensor Input	: Displays digital values after A/D conversion.
12. Coefficient	: Check the internal operation coefficient.
13. Error Log	: Date of occurrence of error or error contents can be checked.
14. To Factory	: Enters the factory adjustment mode. (You do not have to carry out adjustment or setting.)

▲ Caution on operation

• You have to enter the password to enter into this mode.

Record your password after it is established just in case you forget it.

• The maintenance mode is an important setting mode in which output adjustment, moisture interference adjustment, etc. are made to maintain the accuracy of the instrument.

4.3.1 Selecting output type

Instantaneous correction value or average correction value or CP calculation value can be selected in this mode.



- Setting can be made only when NO_x, SO₂, CO, and CO₂ (CP calculation value) analyzers are added for measured components.
- Be sure to select "NONE" not to make the setting.
- See "1.4.2 Outline of display screen" for each formula.

Setting contents

Selection can be made from "Corrected concentration value," "Corrected average concentration value," "CP calculation value" or "None."

Initial value

"Depends on specifications."

(1) Move the cursor to <1. CH No.> using the key, and press the key.

The screen switches as shown at right.

(2) Move the cursor to the channel (CH) to be set using the \bigotimes key.

Press the (III) key, and the cursor moves to the entry field.

- Be sure to make the setting, following the proper order.
- Do not select the same output type.
- (3) Select setting contents using the \bigotimes key, and press the \bigotimes key.

The CH selection screen appears again.

(4) Make the setting of other channels in the same manner.



4.3.2 Average output time

Average corrected time can be set in this mode.

A Caution on setting -

- The message shown at right is displayed if average corrected value is not selected in "4.3.1 Selecting output type."
- Sampling cycle is 30 seconds.
- The average of the values from the current time to before the time of setting is output at intervals of 30 seconds.

Accurate average value can be obtained when the set time elapses after the data is input.

Maintenance Mode Average Period	NONE SELECT ESC:Back

Setting contents

• "01 to 59 minutes (in steps of 1 minute)" or "01 to 04 hours (in steps of 1 hour)"

Initial value

"01 hour"

 (1) Move the cursor to <2. Average time> using the key, and press the (ENT) key.

The screen switches as shown at right.

(2) Move the cursor to the channel (CH) to be set using the key.

Press the (ENT) key, and the cursor moves to the time to be set.

- (4) Make the setting for other channels in the same manner.

Maintenance ×,»:Sele Mode ENT:Ente ESC:Back	ct an item r
1. CH No.9.2. Average time103. Current/Volt114. Output adj.125. 02 ref. Value136. Interference147. Station No.8. Response time	Minus display D.Password Set L.Sensor Input 2.Coefficient 3.Error Log 4.To Factory
	ESC
Maintenance ≫:Select Mode ENT:Ente Average Period ESC:Back	a channel r
CH6 25'NOx	01 hour
CH7 23.SO2	01 hour
CH8 80CO	UI hour
	ESC
Maintenance &,»:Inpu Mode ENT:Ente Average Period ESC:Canc	t digit r el
CH6 25'NOx	🚺 hour
CH7 28.SO2	01 hour
CH8 2% CO Select a data:	Ul hour
[01 to 59min.] or [01 to	[]4hour]
(), ()), (ENT)	
Setting comp	lete

4.3.3 Selecting output

Current output (4 to 20mA DC) or voltage output (0 to 1V DC) can be selected in this mode. To switch between current and voltage outputs, switch the jumper pin of the control printed board.

- $m \underline{\Lambda}$ Caution on setting -

• When making the setting in this mode, be sure to switch the jumper pin of the control printed board. Otherwise accurate output signal cannot be obtained.

Setting contents

Select "4 to 20mA DC" or "0 to 1V DC."

Initial value

"Depends on specifications."

 Jumper s 	witching		
Output cannel	Jumper	4 to 20mA DC	0 to 1V DC
CH1	JP1	1-2	2-3
CH2	JP2	1-2	2-3
CH3	JP3	1-2	2-3
CH4	JP4	1-2	2-3
CH5	JP5	1-2	2-3
CH6	JP6	1-2	2-3
CH7	JP7	1-2	2-3
CH8	JP8	1-2	2-3



(1) Move the cursor to <3. Current/Volt> using the \bigotimes key, and press the \bigotimes key. The screen switches as shown at right.

(2) Move the cursor to the output to be selected using the solution or the key.
 Press the key, and the cursor moves to the value to be entered.

(3) Change the setting contents using the \bigotimes key, and press the \bigotimes key.

The output No. selection screen appears again.

(4) Make the setting of other output signals in the same manner.

	Maint Mode	tenance	¥,≯: ENT: ESC:	Selec Enter Back	t an ite	em
	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	CH No. Average Current Output 02 ref. Interfe Station Respons	e time /Volt adj. Value erence n No. se time	9. 10 11 12 13 14	Minus d Passwor Sensor Coeffic Error L To Fact	lisplay rd Set Input rient rog rory
	(<u>ک</u> , (۴		1	ESC	
	Maint Mode Outpu	enance It SW	Chan × >: ENT: ESC:	ige pi Selec Enter Back	n tanit(em
	OUT	OUTPUT	SHORT	OUT	OUTPUT	SHORT
	1	D-1V	JP1 2-3	5	0-1V	JP5 2-3
	2	0-1V	JP2 2-3	6	0-1V	JP6 2-3
	3	0-1V	JP3 2-3	7	0-10	JP7 2-3
	4	0-10	JP4 2-3	8	U-1V	JP8 2-3
	()) , (EN		1	ESC	
	Maint Mode Outpu	enance It SW	Chan ©:Se ENT: ESC:	ige pi elect Enter Cance	n output	
	OUT	OUTPUT	SHORT	OUT	OUTPUT	SHORT
	1	0-1V	JP1 2-3	5	0-1V	JP5 2-3
	2	0-1V	JP2 2-3	6	0-17	JP6 2-3
	3	0-1V	JP3 2-3	1	0-10	JP7 2-3
	4	0-10	JP4 2-3	ð	0-10	JP8 2-3
	Selec [[to	ct a data () 1V] or	a: [4 to 2	20mA]		
Setting of	complete	€), (₽	л)			

4.3.4 Adjusting output

Zero value and span value of output signals can be adjusted as follows.

Preparation for the setting • Connect an ammeter or a voltmeter to the analog output connector. **Tolerance of output value** Caution on setting -• In the case of 4 to 20mA DC • The variable setting value is for internal Zero: 4mA±0.05mA operation. Check the adjusted output value with an Span: 20mA±0.05mA ammeter or a voltmeter. • In the case of 0 to 1V DC Zero: 0V±0.005A Span: 1V±0.005A (1) Move the cursor to <4. Output adj.> using the (\ge) Maintenance Mode an item key, and press the $(\mathbb{N}^{\mathsf{T}})$ key. The screen switches as shown at right. 1. CH No. 9. Minus display Average time 10. Password Set 11. Sensor Input 12. Coefficient Current/Volt 4. Output adj. 5. 02 ref. Value 13. Error Log Interference Station No. 14. To Factory Response tim ESC (2) Move the cursor to the output (zero, span) to be set aintenance an item using the (\gg) or the (\gg) key. Output Adj. Press the (\mathbf{ENT}) key, and the cursor moves to the value OUT SPAN **ZERO** SPAN OUT to be entered. D580 0563 3444 3470 0540 3458 3447 0513 3397 3449 3471 **》** (3) Select a digit using the (\gg) key, and change the output diait ect a value using the (MODE) (UP) key and the (\bigotimes) (DOWN) utput Adj. key. ZERO SPAN **ZER0** SPAN At this time, make the setting so that the ammeter or 0580 3470 5 0563 3444 the voltmeter connected to the output signal indicates 0574 0540 3437 3447 the specified value. 3471 Press the (INT) key, and the data is registered. The output signal selection screen appears again. (4) Make the setting for other zero and span output (≫) (») MODE (ENT signals in the same manner. Setting complete

4.3.5 Setting O₂ reference value

Reference O_2 correction concentration value can be set to obtain O_2 correction concentration value.


4.3.6 Interference (for NO_x and SO₂ analyzers)

The effect of moisture interference can be calculated for correction in this adjustment mode. See "5.4.3 Interference" for details of adjustment.

- 🕂 Caution on setting -

- Adjustment is required when either NO_x analyzer of SO₂ analyzer is added.
- If neither NO_x analyzer nor SO₂ analyzer is added, the message shown at right is displayed.



Description of the screen

- "CH1 NO_x" or "CH2 SO₂":
 - Makes an adjustment for each component.
- "ALL": Makes an adjustment for all the components.
- "RESET": Resets the correction value to "0."
- Correction value: Displays the correction volume in internal operation value.
- Interference value: Displays the interference value in internal operation value.

<Adjusting CH1 NO_x or CH₂ SO₂ by component>

 (1) Move the cursor to <6. Interference> using the key, and press the ^{■NT} key.

The screen switches as shown at right.



Maintenance Mode	×,≫: ENT: ESC:	Select an item Enter Back
 CH No. Average Current Output 02 ref. 6. Interfe 7. Station 8. Respons 	e time /Volt adj. Value rence No. te time	9. Minus display 10.Password Set 11.Sensor Input 12.Coefficient 13.Error Log 14.To Factory



Mode Interference	ENT:En ESC:Ba MEAS:P	ter ck ump ON/OFF	
CH1 N	Ox	43	-0154
CH2 S	02	28	-0145
ALL	1000		
RESET			
Press the ME	'AS key, ar	nd H20 gas	flows. <off></off>

- (3) Feed the moisture interference gas using the key.
 Press the key, and the cursor moves to the correction value.
- (4) When the interference value stabilizes, enter correction value using the (MEAS) (UP) key, (◯ (DOWN) key, and the (◯) (digit) key so that the interference value becomes 0.
- (5) Press the (\mathbf{ENT}) key, and the data is registered.

The setting has now been completed.

Maintenance Mode Interference	MODE,⊗ ≫:Sele ENT:En ESC:Ca	:Ajust ct a digit ter ncel	
CH1 NO	×	41	-0154
CH2 SO	2	27	-0145
ALL			
RESET			
Press the MEAS	key, ar	nd H20 gas	flows. <off></off>
(MODE), (😕, ()), (
Sett	ing con	nplete	

<Adjusting 2 components simultaneously by ALL>

(1) Move the cursor to <6. Interference> using the \bigotimes key, and press the \bigotimes key.

The screen switches as shown at right.

(2) Move the cursor to ALL using the \bigotimes key.

(3) Press the (MEAS) key, and the moisture interference gas is fed.

Press the (ENT) key, and the cursor is moved.

(4) When the interference value stabilizes, press the key.

Automatic adjustment is carried out, and the component selection screen appears again.

The setting has now been completed.

Maintenance ≥,≫:Se Mode ENT:En ESC:Ba	lect an i1 ter ck	em
 CH No. Average time Current/Volt Output adj. 02 ref. Value 6. Interference 7. Station No. 8. Response time 	9. Minus 10.Passwo 11.Sensor 12.Coeffi 13.Error 14.To Fac	display rd Set Input cient Log tory
	ESC	
Maintenance ⊗:Sele Mode ENT:En Interference ESC:Ba MEAS:P	ct an iten ter ck ump ON/OFF	n :
CH1 NOx	42	-0154
CH2 SO2	27	-0145
► ALL		12.20
RESET		
Press the MEAS key, ar	nd H20 gas	flows. <off></off>
MEAS, ENT	ESC	
Maintenance ENT:En Mode ESC:Ca Interference MEAS:P	ter ncel ump ON/OFF	
CH1 NOx	42	-0154
CH2 SO2	24	-0145
ALL		R-st
RESET		
Press the MEAS key,ar	nd H20 gas	flows. <off></off>
(ENT)		
Setting con	npiete	

4.3.7 Setting transmission station No.

The station No. for Modbus communication can be set as follows.



4.3.8 Response time

Response time by internal operation (moving average) can be set as follows.



4.3.9 Minus display

The function turns minus reading into "0."

Setting contents

- ON : Outputs minus reading. (Outputs minus values.)
- OFF : Does not output minus reading. (Does not output minus values.)
- * The same applies to concentration value display.

Initial value

"OFF"

(1) Move the cursor to <9. Minus display> using the key, and press the key.
 The screen switches as shown at right.

(2) Prace the (x) key again and the cursor moves to t

(2) Press the (ENT) key again, and the cursor moves to the value to be entered.

(3) Change the setting using the \bigotimes key, and press the (I) key.

The setting has now been completed.



4.3.10 Password setting

The password for moving from <Parameter Mode> to <Maintenance Mode> can be set as follows.



4.3.11 Sensor input

The A/D conversion values of sensor input signals can be displayed.



Caution on operation

- This mode is for displaying input values. Entry by key operation cannot be made.
- (1) Move the cursor to <11. Sensor Input> using the \bigotimes key, and press the (int) key.

The screen switches as shown at right.

Maintenance Mode	≪.≫:Select an item ENT:Enter ESC:Back
1. CH No. 2. Average ti 3. Current/Vo 4. Output adj 5. O2 ref. Va 6. Interferen 7. Station No 8. Response t	9. Minus display me 10. Password Set lt 11. Sensor Input . 12. Coefficient lue 13. Error Log ce 14. To Factory ime

(2) Press the (ESC) key, and the previous screen appears again.

Maintenance	e MEI	AS:Pump ON/OFF
Sensor Inpu	ut ESI	C:Back
Sensor NOx SO2 CO2 CO O2 TEMP	input 40029 37803 39790 41346 24951 17777	

4.3.12 Checking coefficient

Internal operation coefficient of "offset value" and "zero/span correction value" can be checked in this mode.



4.3.13 Error log file

The error code history can be checked in this mode.



- (2) Press the (ESC) key to carry out checking only, and the previous screen appears again.
- (3) Press the (ENT) key to clear the error log, and the cursor moves to Clear Error Log

(4) Press the key again, and the error display is cleared and the previous screen appears again.

The work has now been completed.



4.3.14 Factory mode

You can enter the factory mode, but you need not carry out adjustment or setting.

Description of the screen

- Changing the data in the factory mode may cause malfunction of the instrument. Do not change the data in factory mode by yourself.
- If setting change is required, contact our service representative in charge.
- See "Service Manual" for details of the factory mode.

5. INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

5.1 Daily inspection (Be sure to perform daily.)



	Name of unit	Inspection	Judgment criteria	Judgment criteria
(1)	Flow checker	Flow rate	Check that the flow rate falls within the specified	The ball is kept at the
	Needle valve	check	range.	center of the yellow
	1		If not:	zone.
	1		1) Adjust the needle valve (NV1, 2).	(0.5L/min±0.1L/min)
	1		2) Replace membrane filter. See "5.3.4 Replacing filter paper of membrane filter."	
	1		3) Check air-tightness and repair as required. See "3.2.4 Adjusting flow rate."	
			4) Replace the diaphragm of the pump, referring to section 5.3.5 (Replacing the diaphragm).	
(2)	Display unit	Reading	When reading is lower than normal:	The reading is normal.
		check	1) Check air-tightness and repair as required.	
	1		See "3.2.4 Adjusting flow rate."	
	1		2) Clean within the sample cell of the analyzer unit.	
			See "5.4.6 Cleaning measurement cell."	
(3)	Drain check	Drain volume	1) Visually check the drain volume. Discharge the	Drain is not kept
	window	check	drain within the pot.	within the pot
	1		See "4.1.5 Draining."	(Max. 200cc).
(4)	Zero pot window	Clear water	1) Check the water volume. If the volume is	The water level is
	1	check	insufficient, add water.	1cm lower than the
	1		See "2.4 Feeding clear water."	water feed port
				(about 70cc).
(5)	Membrane filter	Filter	Visually check the filter for contamination.	No contamination is
	1	contamination	Replace the filter paper of the filter as required.	found.
	l .	check	See "5.3.4 Replacing filter paper of membrane filter."	

5.2 Periodic inspection

In addition to daily inspections, perform periodic inspections.

See "5.3 Sampling device maintenance procedure" for detachment/attachment of the side and top panels for inspection.

Item of maintenance and inspection	Maintenance and inspection procedure	Interval
Manual zero/span calibration	Perform zero/span calibration. See "3.2 Zero/span calibration."	Once/ 5 days
Operation check of fan	 Suction port: Fan of the dehumidifier Heat exhaust port: Exhaust fan within the instrument Visually check that both of the above are operating normally. 	Once/ 6 months
Check of temperature controller of NO ₂ /NO converter	The temperature falls within +220°C±5°C range.	Once/ 6 months
Check of temperature controller of dehumidifier	The temperature falls within +3°C±2°C range.	Once/ 6 months
Check of mist filter	 When the flow rate does not increase to the specified value When contamination is severe Periodic replacement Replace the element and the O-ring. See "5.3.3 Replacing mist filter element." 	Once/year
Check of gas aspirator	 When the flow rate does not increase to the specified value Periodic replacement Replace the diaphragm. See "5.3.5 Replacing diaphragm." 	Once/year
Replacement of NO2/No converter catalyst	Periodic replacement See "5.3.7 (1) How to replace the catalyst."	Once/ 6 months
Check of effect of moisture interference (in the case of NOx analyzer and SO2 analyzer)	 When reading error occurs between dry gas and wet gas When dehumidifier is replaced Periodic adjustment See "5.4.3 Adjusting moisture interference." 	Once/year

5.3 Sampling device maintenance procedure

5.3.1 Internal composition of sampling unit

The following photo shows the layout of each part of the sampling unit.



	See	Name of unit	Inspection/replacement	Interval
(1)	5.3.3	Mist filter	Replace filter element.	Once/year
(2)	5.3.4	Membrane filter (MF1, 2)	Replace filter paper.	Teflon : Once/2 months Glass fiber : Once/month
(3)	5.3.5	Gas aspirator	Replace valve and diaphragm.	Once/year
(4)	5.3.6	Power fuse	Replace fuse.	-
(5)	5.3.7	NO ₂ /NO converter	Replace catalyst.	Once/6 months
(6)	-	Dehumidifier (electronic cooler)	-	-
(7)	-	Switching power supply	-	-
(8)	-	Needle valve (NV1, 2)	-	-
(9)	-	Zero gas pot	-	-
(10)	-	Solenoid valve (SV1) for sample gas switching	_	_
(11)		(SV2)		
(12)	-	Solenoid valve for drain (SV3)	-	-
(13)		(SV4)		
(14)	-	Solenoid valve for span calibration (SV5)	-	-
(15)	-	Solenoid valve for zero calibration (SV6)	-	-

- Be sure to wear heat-resistant gloves when working with the sampling unit. Handling it with bare hands or wearing cotton work gloves may result in burns.
- Be careful with eruption of flue gas when the internal pressure of the flue is at positive pressure. Otherwise injury or burns may result.
- Be sure to turn off the power before performing work. Otherwise injury or failure may result.

5.3.2 Removing top panel

- (1) Remove the screws (M4 \times 6 pcs.) on the side panel.
- (2) Lift the panel off the unit.
- (3) Remove the panel on the opposite side in the same manner.



- (4) Remove the screws (M4 × 4 pcs.) on the top panel.(5) Lift the top panel off the unit.
- (6) Reverse the procedure in (1) to (5) to assemble the unit.

5.3.3 Replacing mist filter element

Replacement parts order No.: TK7H8043P1 (Filter element) 8553765 (Filter O-ring)

- (1) Loosen the butterfly bolts (4 pcs.), and remove the head out of the container.
- (2) Then loosen the fastening nut, and remove the contaminated mist filter.
- (3) Place a new mist filter and O-ring in position and assemble the unit by reversing the above procedure.

Replacement of mist filter element has now been completed.



* Mist filter: Filter diameter: About $5\mu m$

5.3.4 Replacing filter paper of membrane filter

Replacement parts order No.: TK741833P3 (Filter paper: When provided with SO₂ analyzer)

(Teflon)

TK700735P2 (Filter paper: When not provided with SO_2 analyzer) (Glass fiber)

8553765 (Large O-ring)

TK733572P1 (Small O-ring)

(1) Replacing filter paper

- 1) Turn the lid of the membrane filter counterclock-wise.
- 2) Remove the small O-ring, and then remove the contaminated filter paper. Check at this time that no contaminated filter paper or dust is attached.
- Place a new filter paper (glass fiber) textured face up, and press it with the small O-ring. (Use a fixing bracket for the Teflon filter paper.)

When provided with SO_2 analyzer (Teflon)







When not provided with SO₂ analyzer (Glass fiber)





(4) Turn the filter lid clockwise to fasten it securely.

Replacement of filter paper has now been completed.

Note: If the lid cannot be removed easily, apply vacuum grease or silicon grease thinly to the large O-ring and the screws.





▲ Caution on replacement –

- The filter paper materials vary depending on whether SO₂ analyzer is provided or not. Select filter paper of proper material.
- The service life of large and small O-rings is 12 months. Replace them periodically.

(2) Cleaning membrane filter

Wipe the dust off the filter with clean cloth soaked in water or washing detergent first. Then wipe it fully with dry cloth. When removing dust within the container, be careful not to allow dust to enter the gas outlet.

5.3.5 Replacing diaphragm

Replacement parts order No.: TK713248P1

(1) The gas aspirator is fixed on the baseboard with nuts (M3 \times 4 pcs.)

Remove the nuts and then take the gas aspirator out of the main unit.

(2) Remove the hose band, and then take the pipe out of the gas port.



Diaphragm unit

2-M4

(3) Remove the screws located on top of the gas aspirator (M4 \times 2 pcs.) and those on the side provided with the gas port (M3 \times 2 pcs.), and then remove the diaphragm unit.



- (4) The diaphragm unit and the magnet are fastened with nuts. Remove the nuts, and replace the diaphragm with a new one.
- (5) Reverse the procedure in (1) to (4) to assemble the unit.

Diaphragm replacement work has now been completed.

Magnet

Caution on replacement

• Be sure to use hose band for connection of the pipe to assure sufficient air-tightness.

5.3.6 Replacing power fuse

- A Caution on replacement -

- Remove the power cable before starting the work.
- Find the cause of fuse blowing before starting the work.
- The fuse holder is installed on the rear face of the sampling unit.
- (1) Set the power switch on the front face of the sampling unit to OFF.
- (2) Remove the power cable from the socket on the rear face.

(3) Turn the cap of the fuse holder counterclockwise, and then pull it out toward you.

(2) Remove cable

Fuse holder

- Open Close (3) (5)
- (4) Remove the fuse, and replace it with a new one (250V.T.2A.L).
- (5) Insert the cap into the fuse holder, and turn it clockwise.
- (6) Insert the power cable, and turn on the power switch on the front face.Check that the unit operates normally.

Replacement work has now been completed.



5.3.7 Maintenance procedure for NO_2 / NO converter (When provided with NO_x meter)

Replacement parts order No.: TK726891C1 (Catalyst) TK726890C1 (Glass wool) TK7G6890P1 (Joint)



(1) How to replace the catalyst

• To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot converter, take care when replacing catalyst to avoid touching the converter unit.

- 1) Turn "OFF" the power to the converter.
- 2) Prepare a catalyst receiver underneath the converter.
- After half an hour, remove (a), (b) and (c), and pull (e) downward. Take care not to burn your hands. Using a blade-edged driver, remove (a) while moving gradually from the clearance. If it does not fall, use a long bar to remove components from the pipe. Remove (e), and (c) and (d) will fall simultaneously.
- 4) Attach (c) to the tip of (e) and insert it together with (a) from under the ceramic pipe. Inject one pack of new catalyst from the top. Install (b) and (c) at top of the pipe.
- 5) Connect the tubing, turn "ON" the power, and assure that the temperature becomes stable at 220°C.

Replacement work has now been completed.



5.3.8 Cleaning filter at suction port

Clean the filter at the air suction port of the dehumidifier (electronic cooler) for cooling as follows. Visually check the filter for clogging, and clean it as required.

- (1) Set the power switch to OFF.
- (2) The retainer is fastened with nails. Pull the nails toward outside, and remove the retainer.
- (3) Remove dust on the media.
- (4) Reverse the above procedure to assemble the filter.

Replacement work has now been completed.



Retainer Nail



• Avoid having large impact on the retainer or the media. Otherwise they may be damaged.

5.3.9 How to mount pressure regulator for standard gas cylinder

- (1) Before mounting a pressure regulator to the gas cylinder, clean the gas cylinder adapter. Entry of dust into the pressure regulator may result in gas leaks.
- (2) If packing is not inserted in the mounting nut for the cylinder or it is damaged, replace it with supplied spare one.
- (3) Use a spanner of a proper size, fasten the cylinder mounting nut to the gas cylinder.
- (4) Loosen the pressure controls and then tighten the output handle.
- (5) Open a valve of the gas cylinder, and the pressure gauge on the high pressure side indicates a pressure of the gas cylinder by flowing gas into the pressure regulator.
- (6) Turn the pressure controls clockwise to increase the secondary pressure; adjust the pressure controls so that a pressure gauge on the low pressure side reads 30 kPa.
- (7) Open the outlet controls to release gas.



5.4 Maintaining analyzer unit

5.4.1 Internal composition of analyzer unit

See separate "Service Manual"^o for internal composition and replacement/adjustment of repair parts.

5.4.2 Replacing power fuse

— A Caution on replacement

- Be sure to remove the power cable before starting the work.
- Be sure to find the cause of fuse blowing before starting the work.

The fuse holder is located on the rear face of the analyzer unit.

- (1) Set the power switch on the front face of the analyzer unit to OFF.
- (2) Remove the power cable from the socket on the rear face.



- (3) Turn the cap of the fuse holder counterclockwise, and pull it toward you.
- (4) Take out the fuse, and replace it with a new one (250V/2A AC, slow-blow type)
- (5) Insert the cap into the fuse holder, and turn it clockwise.
- (6) Insert the power cable, and turn on the power switch on the front face.

Check that the unit operates normally.

The work has now been completed.



Open

Close

5.4.3 Adjusting moisture interference (NO_{χ} and SO₂ meters)

Since the compact type gas analyzer performs measurements, using specific wave range of infrared ray, moisture wavelength over the entire wave range interferes with the measurement, thus causing reading error.

To reduce the effect, corrective operation is required.

The moisture interference adjustment function is added to NO_x and SO_2 meters, whose wave ranges overlap in large area.

(1) Adjusting moisture interference (Auto adjustment ALL mode)

- 1) Select <Maintenance Mode> \rightarrow <6. Interference>, referring to "4.3.6." To clear moisture correction value already entered,
- 2) Move the cursor to $\langle \text{RESET} \rangle$ using the \bigotimes key.
- 3) Press the (ENT) key, and the cursor moves to $\langle RESET \rangle$.
- 4) Press the (ENT) key again, and the moisture correction value is changed to "0." To adjust the new correction value, perform reference zero/span calibration as follows.
- 5) Directly feed dry N2 or dry Air gas into the sample gas inlet of the analyzer unit at the rate of 0.5 L/min.

(Adjust the flow rate so that the flow checker ball comes to the center.)

6) Select <Wet Air/Dry or Wet N_2 /Dry> in <Zero Cal.> mode, and then select <ON> for NO_x and SO₂ only.

🕂 Caution on operation -

- Directly feed dry zero gas and dry span gas to the analyzer unit to perform reference zero/span calibration.
- Wet Air or Wet N₂ is displayed for gas selection in zero calibration mode. Continue performing calibration. Select Air or N₂ according to the composition of gas to be used.
- 7) Perform zero calibration
- 8) Perform span calibration of NO_x and SO_2 analyzers.

Then, to feed moisture interference gas (H_2O , saturated at 2°C)

- 9) Connect the pipe directly coupled with the analyzer unit to the sampling unit.
- 10) Return to <Maintenance Mode> \rightarrow <6. Interference>, and then select <All>.
- 11) Press the (MEAS) key to feed H₂O gas.
- 12) When the interference reading stabilizes in about 3 minutes, press the (ENT) key twice.
- 13) The reading becomes "0" and "correction value" is input.
- 14) Press the (MEAS) key to stop the pump.

Moisture interference adjustment has now been completed.



(2) Adjusting moisture interference (Manual adjustment)

Follow the procedure shown below to manually adjust the interference.

1) Directly feed dry N_2 or dry Air gas to the sample gas inlet of the analyzer unit at the rate of 0.5 L/min.

(Adjust the gas flow rate so that the flow checker ball comes to the center.)

2) Select <Wet Air/Dry or Wet N_2 /Dry> in <Zero Cal.> mode, and select <ON> for NO_x and SO₂ only.

Caution on operation

- Directly feed dry zero gas and dry span gas to the analyzer unit to perform reference zero/span calibration.
- Wet Air or Wet N₂ is displayed for gas selection in zero calibration mode. Continue performing calibration. Select Air or N₂ according to the composition of gas to be used.
- 3) Perform zero calibration.
- Perform span calibration of NO_x and SO₂ analyzers. Then, to feed moisture interference gas (H₂O, saturated at 2°C)
- 5) Connect the pipe directly coupled with the analyzer unit to the sampling unit.
- 6) Enter <Maintenance Mode> \rightarrow <6. Interference> mode.
- 7) Move the cursor to $\langle CH1 NO_X \rangle$ using the key, and press the key.

The cursor moves to the correction value.

- 8) Press the (MEAS) key to feed H₂O gas.
- 9) When the reading stabilizes in about 3 minutes, adjust the value to "0" using the (UP) key and the (DOWN) key.
- 10) Press the (ENT) key to memorize the correction value.
- 11) Press the (MEAS) key to stop the pump.

Moisture interference adjustment has now been completed.



5.4.4 Replacing galvanic O₂ sensor (when provided with the sensor)

The service life of this sensor is about 18 months from the date of delivery. We recommend periodic replacement of the sensor.

Replacement parts order No.: TK7M3502C1

- (1) Remove the screws (M4 \times 7 pcs.) on the rear and the side faces of the main unit.
- (2) Pull out the cover toward the rear.
- (3) Remove the O₂ sensor connector.(Control printed board CN9)
- (4) You can see the O_2 sensor fastened to the mounting rack at the left of the front face.

(5) Turn the O_2 sensor counterclockwise to remove it.

- (6) Wrap seal tape around the screw of the replacement sensor to assure air-tightness.
- (7) Reverse the procedure from (1) to (5) to assemble the sensor.
- (8) Perform zero/span calibration.

Replacement has now been completed.

Caution on handling –

• Avoid having impact on the sensor. Otherwise damage may result.



5.4.5 Replacing filter within the analyzer unit

Periodic replacement of this filter is not required.

Replace the filter if drain flows into the filter or clogging by dust is found.

Replacement parts order No.: TK7L8925P1

- (1) Remove the cover by referring to 5.4.4.
- (2) Remove the filter attached to sample gas inlets 1 and 2 (case color: blue).



- (3) Mount the filter in proper orientation as shown by the photo at right.
- (4) Be sure to use a hose band to connect the tube.

Replacement has now been completed.

▲ Caution on replacement

- The filter has IN/OUT orientation. Be careful not to mount it in wrong orientation.
- Use hose band for the connection of the tube to assure sufficient air-tightness.

5.4.6 Cleaning measurement cell

Entry of dust or water drops into the measurement cell may cause internal contamination, which may result in drifting.

Be sure to clean the measurement cell if contamination is found.

At the same time, check the sampling devices, the filter in particular, to prevent the entry of dust or mist into the cell.

Two types of cells are available for measurement, namely, the block cell (length: 4mm, 8mm, 16mm, 32mm) and the pipe cell (length: 64mm, 125mm, 250mm).

There may be a case where both cells of the two-component analyzer may be included in the optical system. In this case, remove the pipe cell, and then the block cell. (See Fig. 5-1.)

(1) Cleaning the pipe cell (See Fig. 5-1.)

- 1) Stop feeding the gas for measurement. If toxic gas is contained, purge the measurement cell fully with zero gas.
- 2) Turn off the power switch.
- 3) Remove the pipe connected to the measurement cell.
- 4) Loose the screw (No.1 in Fig. 5-1) that fastens the infrared ray light source unit (No.5 in Fig. 5-1) to create a gap between the unit and the pipe cell (No.12 in Fig. 5-1).
- 5) Remove the screw (No.7 in Fig. 5-1) of the cell presser (No.11 in Fig. 5-1) fastening the pipe cell.
- 6) Remove the cell, and then remove the windows on both sides (No.14 in Fig. 5-1). The screw of the window is right-handed.

Note: The reflection board within the cell is attached to the cell and cannot be removed.

7) When cleaning the internal surface of the cell and the infrared ray penetration window, remove large dust using a soft brush first, and then carefully wipe them with soft cloth. Never use hard cloth.

The window can be broken easily.

Handle it with care, and be careful not to wipe it strongly.

- 8) If severe contamination is found on the window or within the cell, paste absolute ethanol on soft cloth, and wipe off the contamination with it.
- 9) If the window is found to have corroded, attach chrome oxide powder to soft cloth, and wipe the window with it if the corrosion is not so severe. If corrosion has progressed significantly, replace the window.
- 10) Reverse the procedure in 3) to 6) to assemble the cell. Allow a gap of 0.5mm between the infrared ray light source unit and the cell, and the cell and the detector when assembling the unit.

No.	Name
1	Screw (for fastening light source unit)
2	Screw (for fastening detector)
3	Screw (for fastening base plate)
4	Base plate
5	Infrared ray light source unit
6	Screw (for fastening support)
7	Screw (for fastening cell presser)
8	Connector for chopper motor
(9)	Filter
10	Support
11	Cell presser
12	Pipe cell
13	O-ring
14	Window
15	Detector
16	Printed board for bridge
17	Bridge resistor
(18)	Detector: For 2-component analyzer, Mounting



Fig. 5-1 Composition of measurement unit (pipe cell)

(2) Cleaning the block cell (See Fig. 5-2)

- 1) Stop feeding the gas for measurement. If toxic gas is contained, purge the measurement cell fully with zero gas.
- 2) Turn off the power switch.
- 3) Remove the pipe connected to the measurement cell.
- 4) Remove the connector of the detector from the printed board.

In the case of 2-component analyzer, also remove the connector of the detector for the second component (No.13 of Fig. 5-2) from the printed board. Loosen the two screws fastening the detector for the second component (No.14 in Fig. 5-2), and remove the detector for the second component.

- 5) Remove the two screws (No.10 in Fig. 5-2) fastening the detector for the first component to the infrared ray light source unit. The cell can be removed together with the detector.
- 6) Loosen the two screws fastening the cell (No.6 in Fig. 5-2), and remove the cell. One of the windows of the block cell is sandwitched between the detector and the block cell, but is not fastened. Remove the cell with the detector facing up, being careful not to drop it.
- 7) When cleaning the internal surface of the cell and the infrared ray penetration window, remove large dust using a soft brush first, and then carefully wipe them with soft cloth. Never use hard cloth.

CAUTION -

The window can be broken easily.

Handle it with care, and be careful not to wipe it strongly.

- 8) If severe contamination is found on the window or within the cell, paste absolute ethanol on soft cloth, and wipe off the contamination with it.
- 9) If the window is found to have corroded, attach chrome oxide powder to soft cloth, and wipe the window with it if the corrosion is not so severe. If corrosion has progressed significantly, replace the window.
- 10) Reverse the procedure in 3) to 6) to assemble the cell.

Place the O-ring between the window holder and the cell. Be careful not to place it in a wrong place.

In the case of 2-component analyzer, mount the detector for the second component lastly, being careful not to create a gap between the detector and that for the first component.

Insert the output cord connectors of the detector into the printed board, paying attention not to reverse the positions for the first and the second components. Insert the connector for the first component to CN11, and that for the second component to CN1.

No.	Name	
1	Screw (for fastening light source unit)	
(2)	Filter	
3	Screw (for fastening base board)	
4	Base board	
5	Infrared ray light source unit	
6	Screw (for fastening block cell)	
7	Block cell	
8	Window	
9	O-ring	
10	Screw (for fastening detector)	
11	Connector for chopper motor	
12	Detector	
(13)	Detector: For 2-component analyzer, Mounting	
(14)	Screw: For mounting 2-component detector	



Fig. 5-2 Composition of measurement unit (block cell)

5.5 Airtight test

Perform an airtight test following the procedure shown below.

Set the power switch to OFF, and perform airtight test for the analyzer unit and the sampling unit separately.

5.5.1 Airtight test of analyzer unit

- (1) Close the exhaust gas port (OUTLET).
- (2) Connect the sample gas inlet 1 and sample gas inlet 2 with a T tube.
- (3) Connect standard gas cylinder (N₂ or Air cylinder) provided with pressure controller to the inlet of the T tube.
- (4) Open the valve for the standard gas, and adjust the pressure on the low-pressure side to 30kPa using the handle for pressure regulation of the pressure regulator.
- (5) Fully open the handle on the outlet side, close the master valve of the standard gas cylinder, and open the handle for pressure regulation of the pressure regulator.
- (6) Maintain the above state for one minute and check that no change is found in the reading of the pressure gauge on the low-pressure side of the pressure regulator.
- (7) Airtight test of the analyzer unit has now been completed.

If leak is found, apply soap water in small quantity to each connecting section within the case to locate the position of the leak, and take measures accordingly.

⚠️ Caution on performing the test

• Do not feed the standard gas at high pressure (100kPa or higher). Otherwise the optical system may be damaged.



Standard gas cylinder

5.5.2 Airtight test of sampling unit

- (1) Connect the sample gas inlet 1 and sample gas inlet 2 with a T tube.
- (2) Connect standard gas cylinder (N₂ or Air cylinder) provided with pressure controller to the inlet of the T tube.
- (3) Open the valve of the standard gas, and adjust the pressure on the low-pressure side to 20kPa using the handle for pressure regulation of the pressure regulator.
- (4) Fully open the handle on the outlet side, close the master valve of the standard gas cylinder, and open the handle for pressure regulation of the pressure regulator.
- (5) Maintain the above state for one minute and check that no change is found in the reading of the pressure gauge on the low-pressure side of the pressure regulator.



- (6) Then connect standard gas (N_2 or Air cylinder) to the sample gas inlet.
- (7) Perform the test following the procedures in (3) to (5) above.
- (8) Airtight test of the sampling unit has now been completed.

If leak is found, apply soap water in small quantity to each connecting section within the case to locate the position of the leak, and take measures accordingly.



A Caution on performing the test

• Do not feed the standard gas at high pressure (30kPa or higher). Otherwise the devices may be damaged.

5.6 Adjustment in heat treatment furnace

• What is the adjustment in heat treatment furnaces?

If, in plant gases to be measured actually, a large amount of other lower-molecular-weigh gases than nitrogen (N_2) such as hydrogen (H_2) , or a large amount of other higher-molecular-weight gases than nitrogen (N_2) such as argon (Ar) are contained, including the measuring components, it is known that the calibration curve (output performance to gas concentration) of gas analyzers will be affected (pressure broadening).

In such a case, analyzer is adjusted with gases similar to plant gas compositions in manufacturing (adjustment by scale gas). After this adjustment, the analyzer is checked the calibration curve with N_2 balance gas (calibration curve by check gas). Graphs with these calibration curves drawn are attached to products to be supplied.

Since measurement in a heat treatment furnace has much gas of such composition, it is considering as the adjustment for heat treatment furnaces.

In order to perform exact measurement, perform the following span calibration.

Composition of the standard gas for span calibration used for each method and its method are explained using an example. For the standard gas for zero calibration, use N_2 or Air in any case so that zero point will not be affected.

<Example> Assume that a 0-1% CO_2 meter of the infrared ray gas analyzer measures CO_2 contained in plant gases.

When plant gases are composed of 0.5% CO₂, 23% CO, 30% H_2 , 0.2% CH₄ and 44.3% N_2 , either of the following is used as the span calibration standard gas.

	Standard gas type	Composition of standard gas	Method for span adjustment
1	Standard gas with the same composition as plant gases (scale gas)	0.9% to 1% CO ₂ , 25%CO, 30%H ₂ , remaining N ₂ *	Perform span calibration directly.
2	Check gas	0.9% to 1% CO Remaining N ₂	Perform span calibration indirectly.

* A small amount of gas like 0.2% CH₄ with little effect on span calibration may be excluded from the standard gas.

(1) Method for span calibration by standard gas with the same composition as plant gas

When using the standard gas with the same composition as plant gases given in 1, calibration can be performed without correction, as an error in calibration curve does not occur.

1) Set CO₂ concentration to span calibration concentration set value.

2) Perform span calibration by using the operation key.

(2) Method for span calibration by check gas

The method for span calibration by use of check gas (give in 2) is explained. Since span calibration has an error of calibration curve, preset a calibration indication on the calibration curve graph attached to this analyzer for indirect calibration.

1) The following calibration curve graph is attached to the test results for the product.

In graph, the calibration curve by the scale gas (that is similar to plant gas and determines scales of this analyzer) and the calibration curve by the check gas that is adjusted by the scale gas (gas of simple composition of N_2 balance gas to facilitate the analyzer check) are drawn.



- 2) When using 0.95% CO_2 and remainder N_2 (check gas) as calibration gas, in graph, a point of 0.95% on X-axis should be stretched to upward, draw a line toward Y-axis from the cross point with the check gas calibration curve. From the cross point with calibration curve on the scale gas composition, 0.89% or equivalent values can be obtained.
- 3) Set this point (0.89%) to the span calibration concentration of the calibration concentration set value.
- 4) Supply 0.95% check gas to perform span calibration. It is calibrated to 0.89%. Measurement suited to actual plants can be performed by this error correction of calibration curve.

6. SPARE PARTS

- Do not use replacement parts other than recommended ones. Otherwise, it could result in accident or damage to the instrument.
- Useless replacement parts for maintenance should be disposed of as non-combustible matter.

6.1 Spare parts for 1-year measurement

(1) Designation of code symbols of spare parts

12345678	}			
Z B N 1 S V 1		Description		
	(NOx meter)	(SO ₂ meter)		
1	Without	Without		
2	With	Without		
3	Without	With		
4	With	With		
(2) List of spare parts for one year

Note: The replacement cycle varies depending on the conditions of the measured gas. Specify the type or the parts No. listed in the table shown below when ordering the parts. Specify item (1) of the code symbols, ZBN1SV *1, when ordering the spare parts in batch.

	Name	Type or parts No.	Q'ty	Application/ replacement cycle	Note	Simplified diagram
1	Filter paper of membrane filter	TK741833P3	12	When provided with SO ₂ analyzer Once/2 months	Teflon 0.1µm	BES
2	Filter paper of membrane filter	TK700735P2	1pc (25 sheets)	When not provided with SO ₂ analyzer Once/month	Glass wool 0.5µm	Ø55
3	Large O-ring for membrane filter	8553765	2	Once/year	Chloroprene	
4	Small O-ring for membrane filter	TK733572P1	2	Once/year	Chloroprene	4.4
5	Filter element for zero gas	TK708816P1	3	Once/4 months		31.5
6	Filter element for mist filter	TK7H8043P1	1	For mist filter Once/year	Polyethyle 2µm	<u>98</u> <u>84</u> 445
7	O-ring for mist filter	8553765	1	For mist filter Once/year	Chloroprene	3.1
8	Diaphragm for gas aspirator	TK713248P1	4	For gas aspirator Once/year	Viton	
9	Catalyst for NO ₂ /NO converter	TK726891C1	2	When provided with NOx analyzer For NO2/NO converter Once/6 months	Carbon beads 2cc	Powder
10	Glass wool for NO ₂ /NO converter	TK726890C1	2	When provided with NOx analyzer For NO2/NO converter Once/6 months	Glass wool About 0.5g	60
11	Coupling for NO ₂ /NO converter	TK7G6890P1	4	When provided with NOx analyzer For NO2/NO converter Once/6 months		

7. TROUBLESHOOTING

A CAUTION ———

• In case you find it difficult to judge what happened to the instrument, avoid disassembling the instrument without consulting our sales agent or service engineers. Otherwise, it may result in electrical shock or personal injury.

7.1 Troubleshooting for sampling unit

Phenomena	Items	Check	Remedy	
Sample gas	Filter (Mist, Membrane filter)	Check if filter is clogged.	Clean or replace.	
is low	Diaphragm gas aspirator	Check if aspirator is operating normally.	Clean aspirator or replace diaphragm or valve.	
		Check for abnormal sound or vibration.	Retighten screws or replace aspirator.	
	Electronic gas cooler	Check if cooler is operating normally. Check the cooler temperature, and check if gas flow path is clogged.	Replace.	
	Gas leaks	Check if there are gas leaks somewhere in tube connecting to aspirator or joints.	Retighten or replace parts.	
	Flow checker	Check if drain or dust is attached to the flow checker. Check the needle valve.	Adjust.	
	Tube, capillary	Check the tube for breakage, or clogging.	Replace.	
Indication value varies	Gas leak	Check the mist filter, tube, joints connecting to aspirator for gas leaks.	Retighten or replace parts.	
considerably.	Diaphragm aspirator	Check if the aspirator is operated normally. Check if sample gas flow is supplied as set.	 Clean the aspirator or replace diaphragm or valve. Adjust the sample gas flow. 	
	Zero gas pot	Check that water volume is as specified.	Supply water.	
	NO ₂ /NO converter	Is catalyst contained.	Replace.	
		Is temperature adjusted to the setting (220°C).	Replace.	
	Dissolution of gas	Check if drain remains in tube.	Clean or tilt tube.	
Indication differs from	Gas leak	Check if there is gas leak anywhere before the aspirator.	Retighten or replace parts.	
the anticipated one.	Measuring range	Check if correct range is selected.	Switch to correct range.	
	Zero, span	Check zero and span using the standard gas.	Adjust zero and span correctly.	
Indication is not deflected.	Power supply and fuse	Check power supply voltage and fuse.	Replace fuse.	
Freeze-up	Drain tubing, water drain tube, sampling tube	Check for freeze-up in the tubing.	Implement heat insulation for preventing freeze-up.	

7.2 Troubleshooting for analyzer unit

Error message

If errors occur, the following contents are displayed.

Error display	Error contents	Probable causes
Error No.1	Motor rotation detection signal faulty	Motor rotation is faulty or stopped.Motor rotation detector circuit is faulty.
Error No.4	Zero calibration is not within.	• Zero gas is not supplied.
Error No.5	Amount of zero calibration (indication value) is over 50% of full scale.	 Zero is deflected much due to dirty cell. Detector is faulty.
Error No.6	Span calibration is not within the allowable range.	Span gas is not supplied.Calibrated concentration setting does not
Error No.7	Amount of span calibration (difference between indication value and calibrated concentration) is over 50% of full scale.	 match cylinder concentration. Zero calibration is not performed normally. Span is deflected much due to dirty cell. Detector sensitivity has deteriorated.
Error No.8	Measured values fluctuate too much during zero and span calibration.	Calibration gas is not supplied.Time for flowing calibration gas is short.

Screen display and operation at the occurrence of error

(1) In case of Error No. 1, No. 4, No. 6 and No. 8

Measurement screen



- To cancel the error, select <Menu Mode> and execute <6. Cancel Error>.
- Even if the error is canceled, the error display appears again unless the cause of the error is eliminated.

Display of error contents



• When more than one error occurs, pressing the ${\color{black}{\bigotimes}}$ key moves to another error display.

(2) In case of Error No. 5 and No. 7



Error log file

If error occurs, the history is saved in an error log file. The error log file exists in the maintenance mode.



- * Up to 14 errors can be saved in the error history; the oldest error will be deleted one by one every time a new occurs.
- * If the power supply is turned OFF, the contents in the error log file will not be lost.

Deletion of error history

Press the (BNT) key on the above screen, and the "Error Log Clear" will be inverted. Further pressing the (BNT) key will clear the error history.

8. SPECIFICATION

This product is not explosion-proof. When handling dangerous gas, adequate attention shall be paid.

8.1 Specification

· Instantaneous values of respective gas **Standard Specifications** components • Instantaneous values after O2 correction · Measuring system: (when provided with O₂ analyzer) NOx, SO₂, CO₂, CO and CH₄; Non-dis-• Average value after O2 correction (when persive infrared absorption method with provided with O₂ analyzer) single light source and single beam (single • CP calculation value display (when probeam method) vided with CO₂ analyzer) O2; Magnetic force or galvanic cell method * The channel numbers of indicated value • Measurable component and min./max. measuring range: and output value correspond to each NOx; 0 to 500 ppm / 0 to 5000 ppm other one by one. SO₂; 0 to 500 ppm / 0 to 1 % • Power supply: Rated voltage; CO2; 0 to 200 ppm / 0 to 100 % 100 to 115 V AC or 200 to 240 V AC (*1) CO; 0 to 200 ppm / 0 to 100 % Working voltage; CH4; 0 to 1000 ppm / 0 to 100 % 85 to 132 V AC or 180 to 264 V AC (*1) O2; 0 to 5 % / 0 to 25 % * Depending on customer's code selec-Max. 5 components measurable includtion. ing O₂ *1: Conforms to the EMC directive and • Number of measuring ranges: the LVD (CE marking) 3 ranges Rated frequency; 50/60 Hz • Max. range ratio 1:5 Max. rated power; • Warm-up time: 30 min after power-on 150 VA for analyzing block Provided with count-down timer indicat-250 VA for sampling block ing function. Inlet; Class 1 type conforming with Analog output: In up to 8 channels. EN60320 4 to 20 mA DC or 0 to 1 V DC (linear) · Operating conditions: Non-isolated output Ambient temperature; 0 to 40°C Allowable load; 4 to 20 mA DC, 550 Q or Ambient humidity; 90% RH or less less ^c Condensation unallowable 0 to 1 V DC, 100 kΩ or Storage conditions: more Ambient temperature; -20 to 60°C · Instantaneous value output of each gas Ambient humidity; 95% RH or less component * Condensation unallowable. • Instantaneous value output after O2 cor-Water should be drained from the drain rection (when provided with O2 analyzer) pot and zero pot. Average value output after O₂ correc-• External dimensions ($H \times W \times D$ mm): tion (when provided with O₂ analyzer) Analyzing block; $211 \times 365 \times 514$ · CP calculation value output (when pro-Sampling block; $377 \times 365 \times 514$ vided with CO₂ analyzer) • Mass: Analyzing block; Approx. 12 kg * The channel numbers of indicated value Sampling block; Approx. 18 kg and output value correspond to each • Finish color: Cover; White pearl mica other one by one. Base; Medium gray metallic * An exclusive 25-pin cable is standard-· Enclosure design: equipped. Casing made of steel plates for indoor • Communication output: installation. RS-232C Modbus protocol · Gas-contacting part materials: * Use a commercially available product Gas inlet/outlet; Polypropylene (D-sub 9-pin cable). Sample cell; SUS304/neoprene rubber • Control input/output: Transparent window: CaF2 Input/output signals between the analyz-Internal pipes: Toalon tube/Teflon tube ing block and sampling block. Connection nipple: Polypropylene/Teflon * An exclusive 15-pin cable is standard-• Gas inlet/outlet: ø6/ø3 hose end equipped. Purge gas flow rate: Indicated values: 1 L/min (to be purged as required) Digital 4-digit indication (by LCD with back light)

Standard Function

Standard F	unction	 Averaging after 	O_2 correction; The result of O_2 correction is subjected
• Auto zero calibr	ation: Zero point is calibrated periodically at the predetermined cycle. * For using N ₂ gas, prepare zero cylinder gas. Calibration cycle;OFF/ON (1 to 12 hours) (settable in 1-hour step) Gas flow time; 180 to 999 sec (settable	• Resetting of our	to moving average for the determined period of time. And the result of averag- ing is indicated and output in a signal si- multaneously. Average value will be taken at a cycle of 30 sec. (Indication and output are up- dated every 30 sec.) tput average value:
• Auto draining:	Water is drained periodically at the pre- determined cycle. Draining cycle; 1 to 8 hours (settable in 1-hour step) Draining time; 30 to 60 sec (settable in 1-sec step)	• CP calculation:	 * Effective only when average value are lection is specified in CODE SYMBOLS. The carbon potential of carburizing fur- nace and conversion furnace are calcu- lated using furnace temperature (fixed
Auto indication	off:		(fixed or measured value) while referring
	Indication automatically turns off when no key is operated for the determined period of time in the standby status. Light off time; OFF/ON (1 to 30 min)	Calculation ec	(fixed or measured value) while referring to CO ₂ measured value. quation; CP = $\frac{CPS \times (PCO)^2}{K1 \times PCO_2}$
• Replacement/n	(settable in 1-min step)		where.
	After zero/span calibration or measure- ment, zero gas or sample gas is automati- cally flowed. Gas flow time; 30 to 300 sec (settable in		CPS ; Saturated carbon concentration (partial pressure) 0.0028t - 1.30 (800°C [≤] 850°C) 0.0030t - 1.47 (850°C [≤] 950°C) 0.0034t - 1.85 (950°C [≤] 1000°C)
Output holding:	At calibration during measurement, out- put holds the value just before the cali- bration according to hold setting. In the standby status, output will not be held. Indication will not be held either. Hold setting; OFF/ON		 t ; Furnace temperature PCO ; CO concentration value (partial pressure) PCO₂ ; CO₂ concentration value (partial pressure) K1 ; Constant K1 = 10 ^(9.06-15966/T)
• Key lock:	None of the set values can be changed when key lock is turned ON. This is helpful for reducing operation er- rors and wrong inputs.		T ; Rankine temperature (t \times 9/5 + 32 + 460)
 Instrument/calib 	ration error indication: When the instrument or calibration is abnormal, an error number is indicated to help analysis of the error.		
• O ₂ correction:	Conversion of measured NOx, SO ₂ and CO gas concentrations into values at stan- dard O ₂ concentration Calculating equation;		
	$C = \frac{21 - On}{21 - Os} \times Cs$		
	 C; Sample gas concentration after O₂ correction Cs; Measured concentration of sample gas 		

- Os; Measured O2 concentration
- On; Standard O2 concentration for conversion (settable within 0 to 19%)

The result of conversion is indicated and output in a signal simultaneously.

* An Os value of 20% or more is taken as 20% for calculation.

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Performance

- Within ±0.5% of full scale Repeatability: Within ±2% of full scale
- Linearity:
- · Zero drift:
- · Span drift: Within ±1% of full scale/day
- Response time: Within 50 sec for 90% indication after extracting sample gas through the inlet. However, within 3 min with SO2 and gal-

Within ±1% of full scale/day

vanic cell type O2 analyzers

• Other gases' influence:

Sample Interfer- component/ ence compo- range nent concentration		NOx ar	nalyzer	SO ₂ ar	CH4 analyzer	
		500ppm max 1000ppm min		500ppm max 1000ppm min		All ranges
NO	1000ppm	-	– – Within ±2%			
SO2	1000ppm	Withi	n ±2%	-	I	Within ±2%
CO2	15%	Withi	n ±2%	Withi	Within ±5%	
со	1000ppm	Withi	n ±2%	Withi	Within ±2%	
CH4	1000ppm	Withi	n ±2%	Within ±8%	Within ±5%	-
NH3	50ppm	Within ±8%	Within ±5%	Within ±8%	Within ±5%	Within ±2%
H ₂ O 2	°C saturation	Within ±3%	Within ±2%	Within ±3%	Within ±2%	Within ±2%

* H2O interference values in 2C saturation with NOx and SO2 analyzers are values after moisture interference compensation.

Sample Interfer-component/		CO2 ar	nalyzer	CO an	O2 analyzer	
ence con nent cor	mpo- range	200ppm max	500ppm min	200ppm max	500ppm min	All ranges
NO	1000ppm	Withi	n ±2%	Withi	Within ±2%	
SO ₂	1000ppm	Withi	n ±2%	Withi	Within ±2%	
CO2	15%	-	-	Within ±3%	Within ±3%	Within ±2%
со	1000ppm	Withi	n ±2%	-	-	Within ±2%
CH4	1000ppm	Withi	n ±2%	Withi	n ±2%	Within ±2%
NH3	50ppm	Withi	n ±2%	Withi	Within ±2%	
H ₂ O 2	°C saturation	Within ±3%	Within ±2%	Within ±3%	Within ±2%	Within ±2%

Standard Requirements for Sample Gas

- Flow rate: 0.5 L/min ±0.2 L/min for 1 optical system
- (1 L/min ±0.4 L/min for 2 optical systems) 0 to 40°C at inlet of sampling block • Temperature: 10 to 70°C at tip of non-fixed type probe
 - (available at option) 70 to 400°C at tip of fixed type probe
 - (available at option)
- Pressure: 0 to 3 kPa (Gas shall be discharged into atmospheric air.)
- Dust: 50 mg/Nm³ or less
- Mist: Unallowable
- Corrosive gas: HCI 10 ppm or less Others Unallowable
- · Standard gas for calibration:
 - Zero gas; N2 or clean air However, clean air cannot be used if CO2 and O2 are included in sample gas components. Span gas; Concentration limited within 90 to 100% of the range of each sample gas component. Unusable at concentrations beyond 100%.

Options

· Gas extractor: Used for aspirating sample gas. Non-fixed type; Since this type is used for intermittent measurement, it cannot be fixed. Material; SUS304/polypropylene Fixed type; Used for continuous measurement. Flange 5K25A FF Sampling pipe length selectable among 300, 400, 600 and 800mm Material; SUS316 · Sample inlet tube: Used for delivering gas from the extrac-

tor to sampling block. Shape; $ø6/ø4 \times 5$ m or $ø6/ø4 \times 10$ m Material: Teflon

Installation Requirements

- · Selection of a place which does not receive direct sunlight, rain, wind nor radiation from hot substances. If such a place cannot be found, a roof or cover should be prepared for protection.
- Avoidance of a place under heavy vibration
- Selection of a place where atmospheric air is clean
- Discharge of exhaust gas into atmospheric air at a safe location
- · Avoidance of use in an explosion-proof area

Scope of Delivery

- Gas analyzer system (analyzing and sampling blocks)
- Standard accessories (Refer to the table at top right table.)
- Instruction manual

Item to be Prepared Separately

Standard gas (ZBM) and pressure regulator (ZBD)

- Recorder (when necessary, Fuji's product type PHR)
- 1-year spares for sampling equipment (Refer to the table at bottom right table.)

8.2 Code symbols

			1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10111213 14151617181920 - Digit No.
Digit	Description	note	[Z]S[V]F [Y]2] [Y] [Y] [Y] of code
4	< Specification > Analyzing block + sampling block: 1 set		
5	< Sample components (NOx, SO2, CO2, CO, CH4) >		
	1-component analyzer		
	SO ₂		
	CO		
	2-component analyzer (1st component + 2nd component)		
	NOx+SO ₂		F
	CO2+CO		G
	CH4+CO		
	CO2+CH4	moto 1	
	NOX+(CO)	note i	
	S-COMponent analyzer (1st component + 2nd component + 3nd component)		
	NOx+SO2+(CO2)		
	NOx+(CO ₂ +CO)		
	SO2+(CO2+CO)		
	CH4+(CO2+CO)		
	4-component analyzer (ist component+2nd component+3rd component+4th component)		
	Without	note 2	
	Other		
6	< Sample component (O2) and measuring range >		
	Galvanic cell type oxygen analyzer/0 to 5%/10%/25%		
	Magnetic force type oxygen analyzer/0 to 5%/10%/25%		2
0	Without		
9	< Power supply >	note 3	
	For domestic use 100 to 115V AC, 50/60Hz		
	For European use 200 to 240V AC, 50/60Hz		2
	For North American use 100 to 115V AC, 50/60Hz		3
10	< Measuring range (1st component) >	note 4	
	0 to 200ppm/500ppm/1000ppm 0 to 500ppm/1000ppm/2000ppm		
	0 to 1000ppm/2000ppm/2000ppm		
	0 to 2000ppm/5000ppm/1%		
	0 to 5000ppm/1%/2%		E
	0 to 1%/2%/5%		
	0 to 2%/5%/10%		G
	0 to 5%/10%/20%		
	0 to 20%/50%/100%		
	Without	note 2	$ \mathbf{\hat{y}} $
11	< Measuring range (2nd component) >	note 4	
	0 to 200ppm/500ppm/1000ppm		
	U to 500ppm/1000ppm/2000ppm		
	0 to 2000ppm/2000ppm/5000ppm		
	0 to 5000ppm/1%/2%		
	0 to 1%/2%/5%		
	0 to 2%/5%/10%		G
	0 to 5%/10%/20%		
	0 to 10%/20%/50%		
	0 10 20%/50%/100% Without	note 2	
12	< Measuring range (3rd component) >	note 4	
'	0 to 200ppm/500ppm/1000ppm		
	0 to 500ppm/1000ppm/2000ppm		B
	0 to 1000ppm/2000ppm/5000ppm		
	0 to 2000ppm/5000ppm/1%		
	U to 5000ppm/1%/2%		
	0 10 1 %/2%/5% 0 to 2%/5%/10%		
	0 to 5%/10%/20%		
	0 to 10%/20%/50%		
	0 to 20%/50%/100%		κ
	Without	note 2	Y

			<u>1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20</u> - Digit N
Digit	Description	note	ZSV Y2- Y2- Y Of code
13	< Measuring range (4th component) >	note 4	
	0 to 200ppm/500ppm/1000ppm		A
	0 to 500ppm/1000ppm/2000ppm		В
	0 to 1000ppm/2000ppm/5000ppm		C
	0 to 2000ppm/5000ppm/1%		D
	0 to 5000ppm/1%/2%		
	0 to 1%/2%/5%		
	0 to 2%/5%/10%		G
	0 to 5%/10%/20%		H
	0 to 10%/20%/50%		
	0 to 20%/50%/100%		κ
	Without	note 2	Y
14	< Output >		
	0 to 1 V DC, non-isolated		1
	4 to 20 mA DC, non-isolated		2
15	< Output type >	note 5,7	
	Instantaneous value after O ₂ correction		0
	Average value after O ₂ correction		1
	CP calculation value	note 10	2
	Without	note 6	Y
17	< Language >		
	Japanese		1
	English		2
18	< Gas extractor >		
	Non-fixed type (for intermittent measurement)		1
	Fixed type (for continuous measurement), flange 5K25A, L = 300 mm		2
	Fixed type (for continuous measurement), flange 5K25A, L = 400 mm		3
	Fixed type (for continuous measurement), flange 5K25A, L = 600 mm		4
	Fixed type (for continuous measurement), flange 5K25A, L = 800 mm		5
	Without		Y .
19	< Sample inlet tube >	note 8	
	5m× 6/ 4, Teflon		A
	10m× 6/ 4, Teflon		B
	20m× 6/ 4, Teflon		
	Without		Y
20	< Adjustment >	note 9	
	Standard adjustment		Α
	Adjustment for heat treatment furnace		В
	Other		Z

Note 1) A parenthesized sample component stands for the 2nd optical system.

Note 2) Specify code Y when only O₂ analyzer is needed.

- Note 3) Between "1", "2" and "3" of the 9th digit, the rated voltage and plug shape of the attached power cord are different. "1": For domestic use, rated voltage 125V AC (PSE), plug shape North American type
 - "2": For European use, rated voltage 250V AC (CEE), plug shape European type (*)
 - "3": For North American use, rated voltage 125V AC (UL), plug shape North American type
 - * : Conforms to the EMC directive and the LVD (CE marking)
- Note 4) For possible combinations of sample component and measuring range, refer to the following tables (Tables 1 to 5).
- Note 5) Specify this code when "1" or "2" is specified at the 6th digit.
- Note 6) When "Y" is specified at the 6th digit, "Y" should also be specified at the 15th digit.
- Note 7) The kind of output after O₂ correction will be added to all target components only when an analyzer for NOx, SO₂ and CO is specified.
- Note 8) Sample inlet tube should be connected within 20 m.
- Note 9) Calibration curve varies with gas components contained in sample gas.
 - "A ; standard adjustment" stands for adjustment in N2 balance.
 - "B ; adjustment for heat treatment furnace" is applied to CO analyzer and CO2 analyzer.
 - CO2 analyzer: CO2 range gas + 25% CO + 31% H2/N2
 - CO analyzer: CO range gas + 5% CO₂ + 31% H₂/N₂

When "Z; other" is specified, a gas composition table should be attached.

Note 10) Can be manufactured only when " CO2 analyzer" is selected for the 5th digit.

Tables of Sample Component and Measuring Range - Availability Check Tables -

Sample component		NOx analyzer	SO ₂ analyzer	CO2 analyzer	CO analyzer	CH4 analyzer
Ra	ange	Р	А	D	В	E
Α	0 to 200/500/1000ppm	-	-			-
В	0 to 500/1000/2000ppm					-
С	0 to 1000/2000/5000ppm					
D	0 to 2000/5000ppm/1%	-				
Е	0 to 5000ppm/1/2%	-	-			
F	0 to 1/2/5%	-	-			
G	0 to 2/5/10%	-	-			
Н	0 to 5/10/20%	-	-			
J	0 to 10/20/50%	-	-			
к	0 to 20/50/100%	-	-			

Table 1: 1-Component Analyzer (NOx, SO₂, CO₂, CO, CH₄)

: Product available

Table 2: 2-Component Analyzer (NOx analyzer + SO₂ analyzer)

	SO2 analyzer range			Rang	je values a	re the same	e as those	of NOx ana	ılyzer.		
NC	ox analyzer range	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	к
А	0 to 200/500/1000ppm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
В	0 to 500/1000/2000ppm	-				-	-	-	-	-	-
С	0 to 1000/2000/5000ppm	-				-	-	-	-	-	-
D	0 to 2000/5000ppm/1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Е	0 to 5000ppm/1/2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
F	0 to 1/2/5%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
G	0 to 2/5/10%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
н	0 to 5/10/20%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
J	0 to 10/20/50%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
К	0 to 20/50/100%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

: Product available

Table 3: 2-Component Analyzer (CO₂ analyzer + CO analyzer)

	CO analyzer range	Range values are the same as those of CO2 analyzer.									
со	2 analyzer range	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	J	к
Α	0 to 200/500/1000ppm			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
В	0 to 500/1000/2000ppm				-	-	-	-	-	-	-
С	0 to 1000/2000/5000ppm	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-
D	0 to 2000/5000ppm/1%	-					-	-	-	-	-
E	0 to 5000ppm/1/2%	-								-	-
F	0 to 1/2/5%										-
G	0 to 2/5/10%										
н	0 to 5/10/20%										
J	0 to 10/20/50%	-									
к	0 to 20/50/100%	-									

: Product available

\square	CO analyzer range Range values are the same as those of CH4 analyzer.										
СН	analyzer range	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	к
A	0 to 200/500/1000ppm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
В	0 to 500/1000/2000ppm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
С	0 to 1000/2000/5000ppm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
D	0 to 2000/5000ppm/1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E	0 to 5000ppm/1/2%	-	-					-	-	-	-
F	0 to 1/2/5%	-	-							-	-
G	0 to 2/5/10%	-									
н	0 to 5/10/20%	-									
J	0 to 10/20/50%	-									
к	0 to 20/50/100%	-									

Table 4: 2-Component Analyzer (CH₄ analyzer + CO analyzer)

: Product available

Table 5: 2-Component Analyzer (CO₂ analyzer + CH₄ analyzer)

CH4 analyzer range		Range values are the same as those of CO ₂ analyzer.									
CO ₂ analyzer range		А	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	J	к
A	0 to 200/500/1000ppm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
В	0 to 500/1000/2000ppm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
С	0 to 1000/2000/5000ppm	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
D	0 to 2000/5000ppm/1%	-	-	-				-	-	-	-
E	0 to 5000ppm/1/2%	-	-	-					-	-	-
F	0 to 1/2/5%	-	-	-						-	-
G	0 to 2/5/10%	-	-	-							-
н	0 to 5/10/20%	-	-	-							
J	0 to 10/20/50%	-	-	-							
к	0 to 20/50/100%	-	-	-							

: Product available

• 2-component analyzer (NOx analyzer + CO analyzer);

Possible range in combination of Table 1 (NOx analyzer) and Table 1 (CO analyzer)

• 3-component analyzer (NOx analyzer + SO₂ analyzer + CO analyzer);

Possible range in combination of Table 2 (NOx analyzer + SO₂ analyzer) and Table 1 (CO analyzer) • 3-component analyzer (NOx analyzer + SO₂ analyzer + CO₂ analyzer);

Possible range in combination of Table 2 (NOx analyzer + SO₂ analyzer) and Table 1 (CO₂ analyzer) • 3-component analyzer (NOx analyzer + CO₂ analyzer + CO analyzer);

Possible range in combination of Table 1 (NOx analyzer) and Table 3 (CO₂ analyzer + CO analyzer) • 3-component analyzer (SO₂ analyzer + CO₂ analyzer + CO analyzer);

Possible range in combination of Table 1 (SO₂ analyzer) and Table 3 (CO₂ analyzer + CO analyzer) • 3-component analyzer (CH₄ analyzer + CO₂ analyzer + CO analyzer);

Possible range in combination of Table 1 (CH₄ analyzer) and Table 3 (CO₂ analyzer + CO analyzer) • 4-component analyzer (NOx analyzer + SO₂ analyzer + CO₂ analyzer + CO analyzer);

Possible range in combination of Table 2 (NOx analyzer + SO₂ analyzer) and Table 3 (CO₂ analyzer + CO analyzer)



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